

The metabolic niche and its applications

Antoine Régimbeau



Functional omics

Genomics

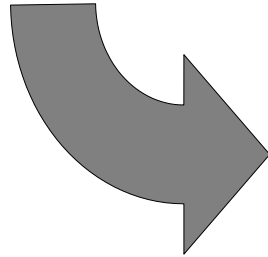


DNA

Transcriptomics

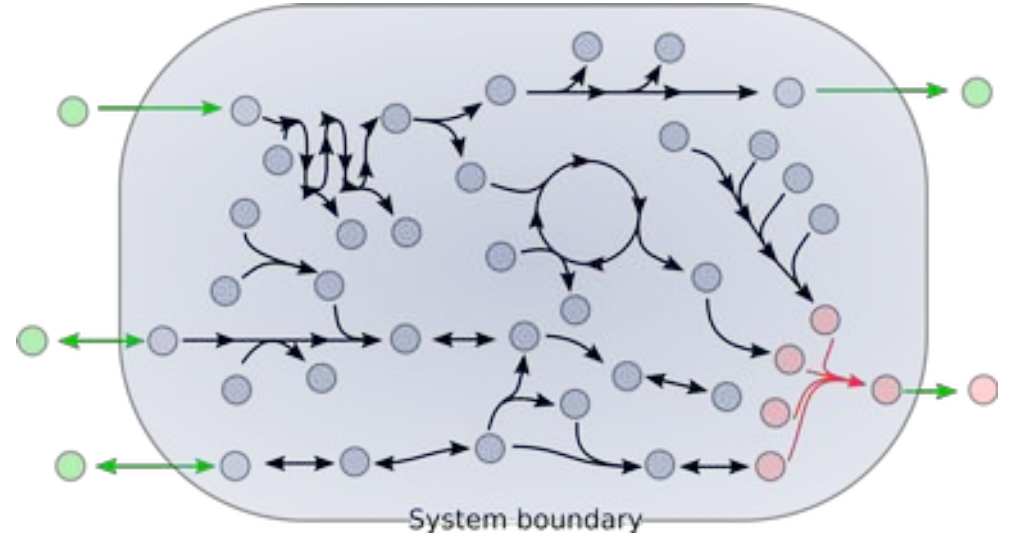
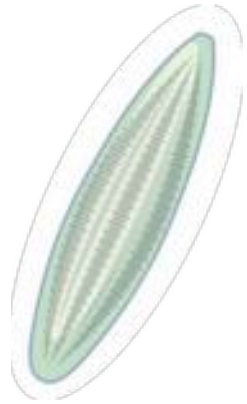


RNA



Responsible for most of the
biological functions of an
organism

Metabolic network

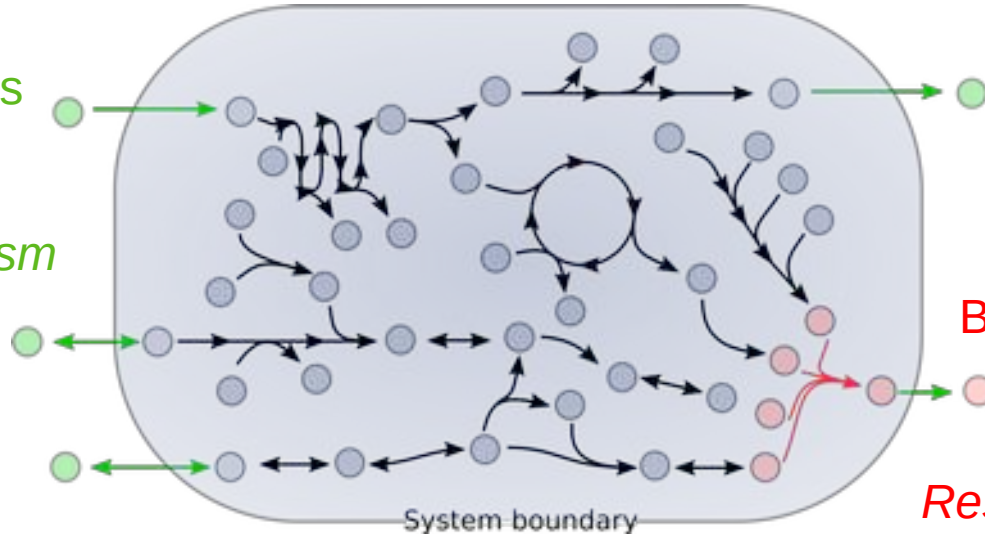


Abstracting a system through its metabolic abilities

Metabolic network: Modeling reactions

Exchange reactions

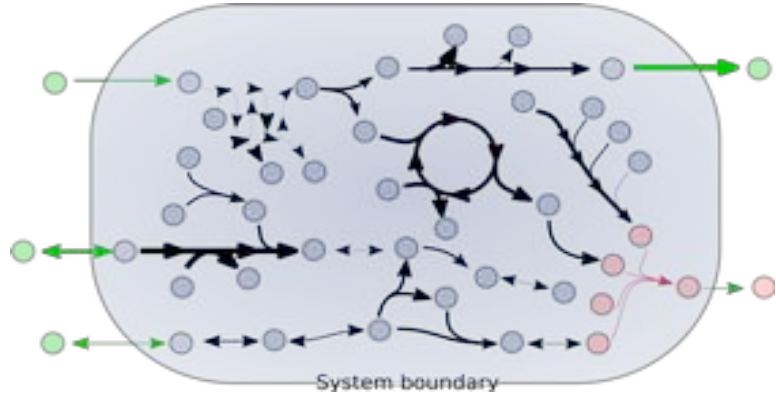
Responsible for the interactions of the organism with its environment.



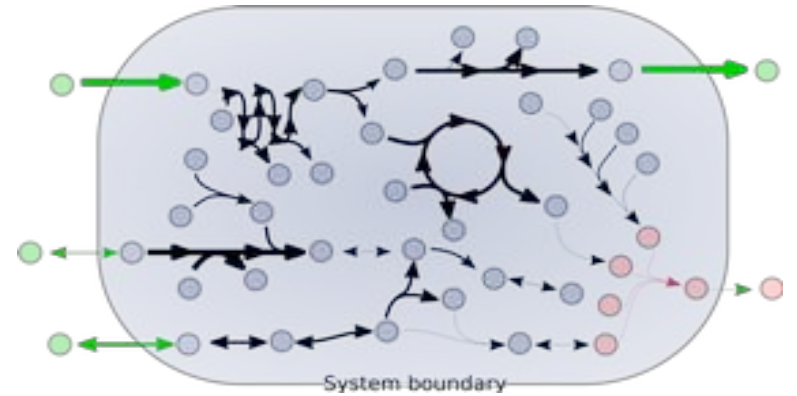
Biomass reaction

*Responsible for the growth of the organism.
Mainly developed in a bio-engineering context.*

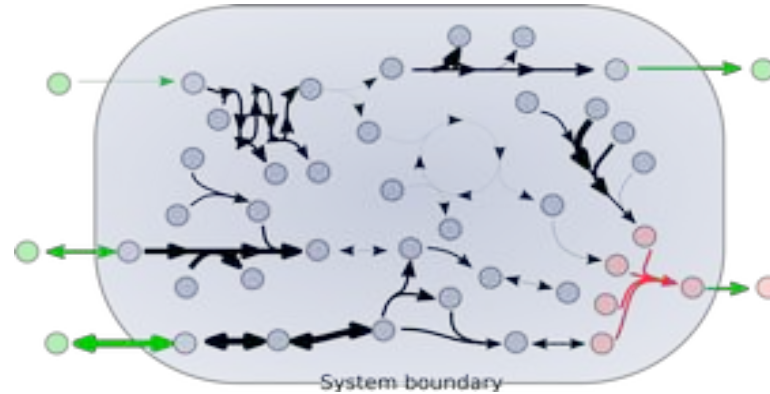
Metabolic network: Fluxes



State 1



State 3



State 2

Genome Scale Model: Mathematical formulation

GSM of a system:

$$\begin{cases} \mathbf{S}\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{l}_b \leq \mathbf{v} \leq \mathbf{u}_b \end{cases}$$

Solution space of the GSM:

$$\mathcal{F} := \{ \mathbf{v} \in \mathbb{R}^n, \mathbf{S}\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{l}_b \leq \mathbf{v} \leq \mathbf{u}_b \}$$

Steady state
approximation

Thermodynamic
constraints

A bit of ecology in Genome-Scale Models

$$\mathcal{F} := \{\mathbf{v} \in \mathbb{R}^n, \mathbf{S}\mathbf{v} = 0, \quad \mathbf{lb} \leq \mathbf{v} \leq \mathbf{ub}\}$$

The survival of the organism is assured if its growth rate is higher than its death rate:

$$\delta \leq v_{bio}$$

$$\mathcal{NF} := \{\mathbf{v} \in \mathbb{R}^n, \mathbf{S}\mathbf{v} = 0, \quad \mathbf{lb} \leq \mathbf{v} \leq \mathbf{ub}, \quad \delta \leq v_{bio}\}$$

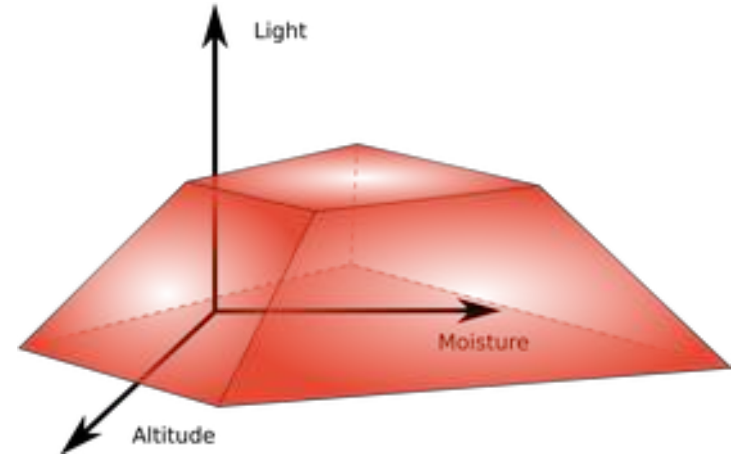
**Survival
condition**

The ecological niche concept

Introduced by Joseph Grinnell in 1917

Formalized by Hutchinson in 1957 through the niche hypervolume:

Set of environmental conditions that assure the species survival



Concluding Remarks

G. Evelyn Hutchinson

Cold Spring Harb Symp Quant Biol 1957 22: 415-427

Access the most recent version at doi:[10.1101/SQB.1957.022.01.039](https://doi.org/10.1101/SQB.1957.022.01.039)

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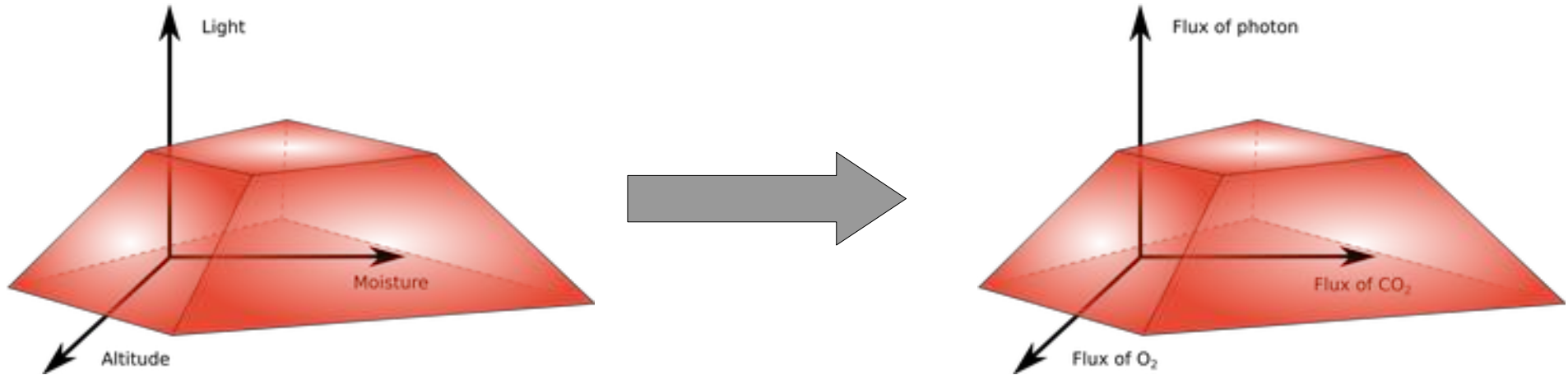
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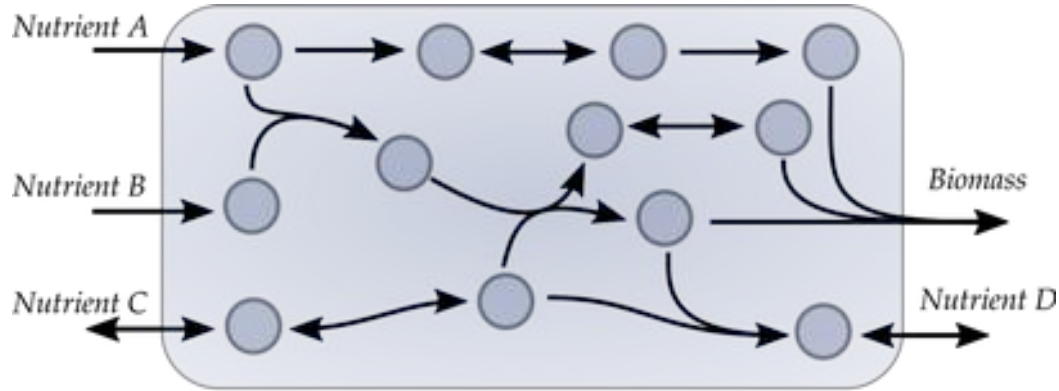
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Translation in metabolic modeling

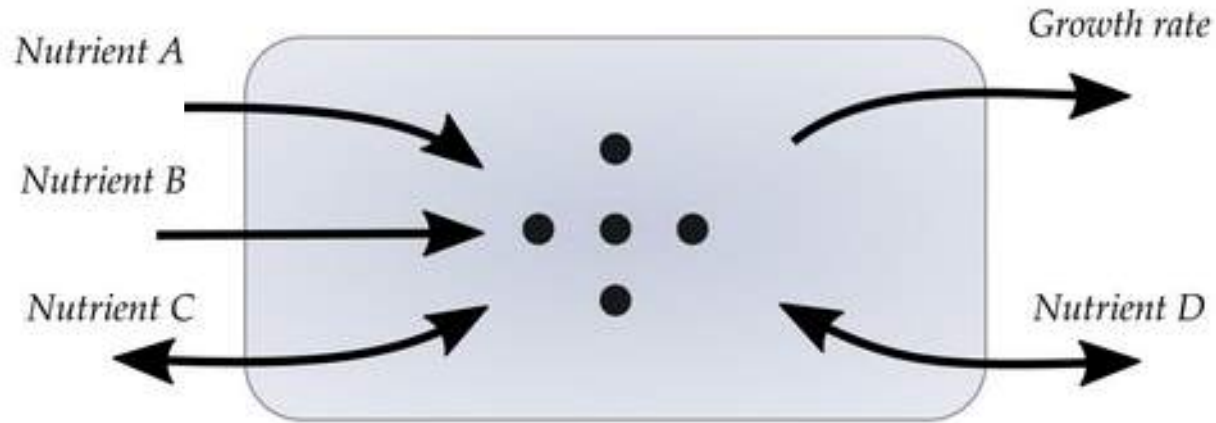
Set of environmental conditions: set of fluxes through the exchange reactions



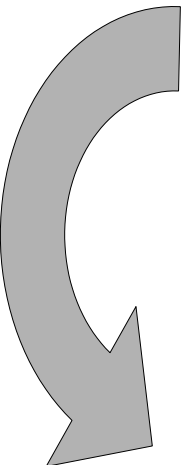
Translation in metabolic modeling



$$\begin{cases} \mathbf{S}\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{l}_b \leq \mathbf{v} \leq \mathbf{u}_b \end{cases}$$



?

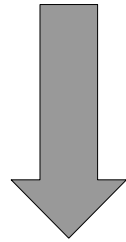


The metabolic niche in equations

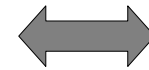
Vector linear programming

$$\mathcal{F} := \{\mathbf{v} \in \mathbb{R}^n, \mathbf{S}\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{lb} \leq \mathbf{v} \leq \mathbf{ub}\}$$

Projection



$$\mathcal{N} := \{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^p \mid \exists \mathbf{y} \in \mathbb{R}^{n-p}, \mathbf{S} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{y} \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{lb} \leq \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{y} \end{pmatrix} \leq \mathbf{ub}\}$$



$$\begin{cases} \min \begin{pmatrix} I_p \\ -\mathbf{1}_p^T \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} \\ \text{subject to } \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{y} \end{pmatrix} \in \mathcal{F} \end{cases}$$

The metabolic niche in ~~equations~~ papers

Equivalence between polyhedral projection,
multiple objective linear programming and vector
linear programming

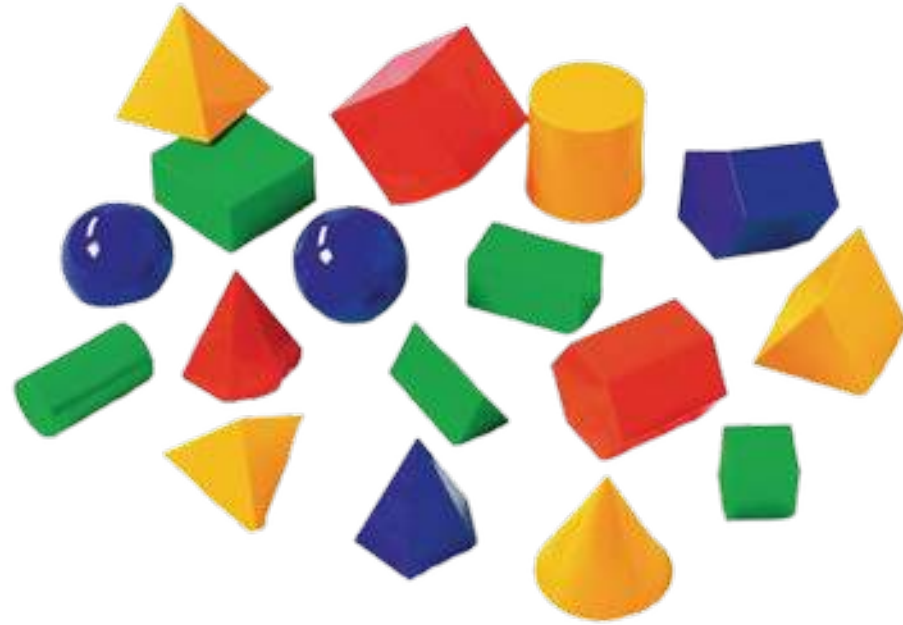
Andreas Löhne * Benjamin Weißing †

July 25, 2016

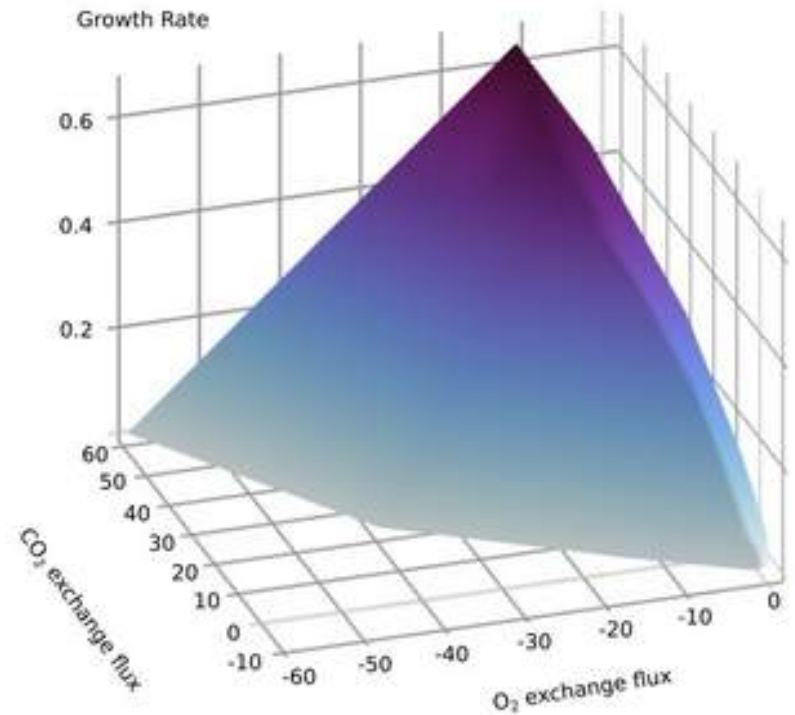
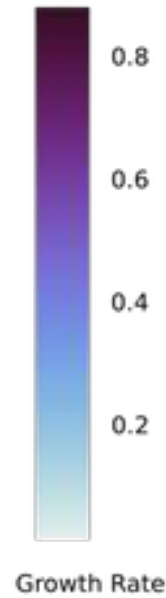
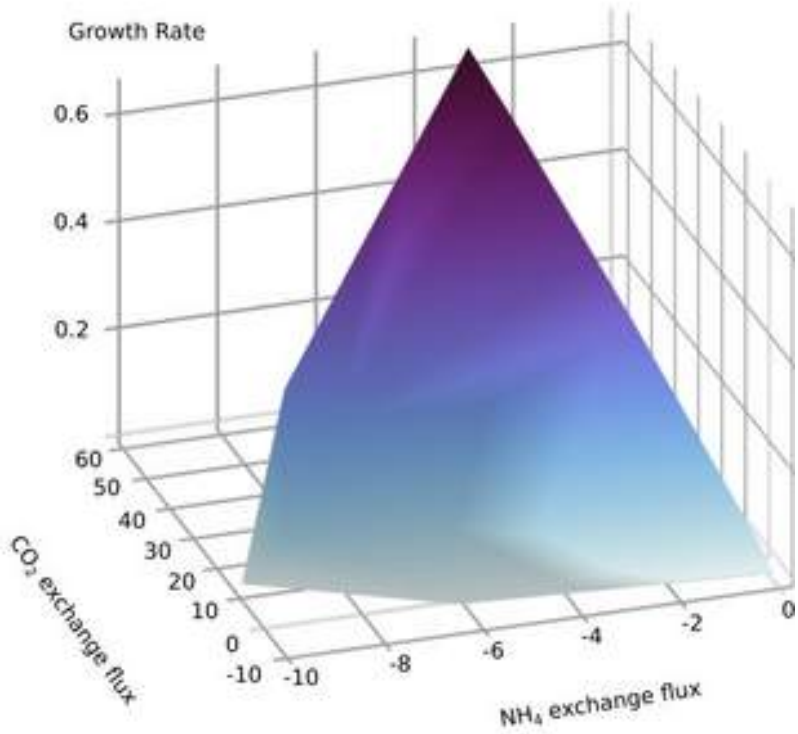
Contribution of genome-scale metabolic modelling to niche theory

Antoine Régimbeau¹  | Marko Budinich¹  | Abdelhalim Larhlimi¹ |
Juan José Pierella Karlusich²  | Olivier Aumont³  | Laurent Memery⁴ |
Chris Bowler^{2,5}  | Damien Eveillard^{1,5} 

The metabolic niche in ~~equations~~ ~~papers~~ practice

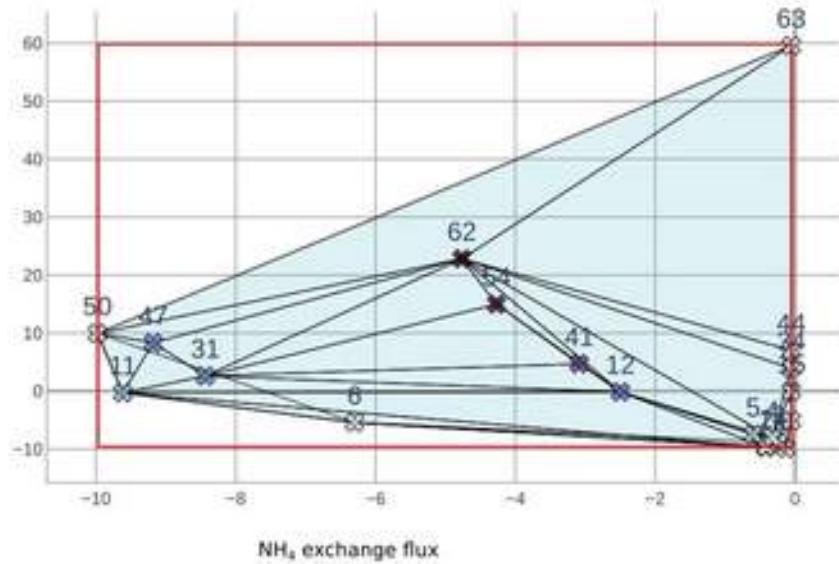


Metabolic niche of E. Coli

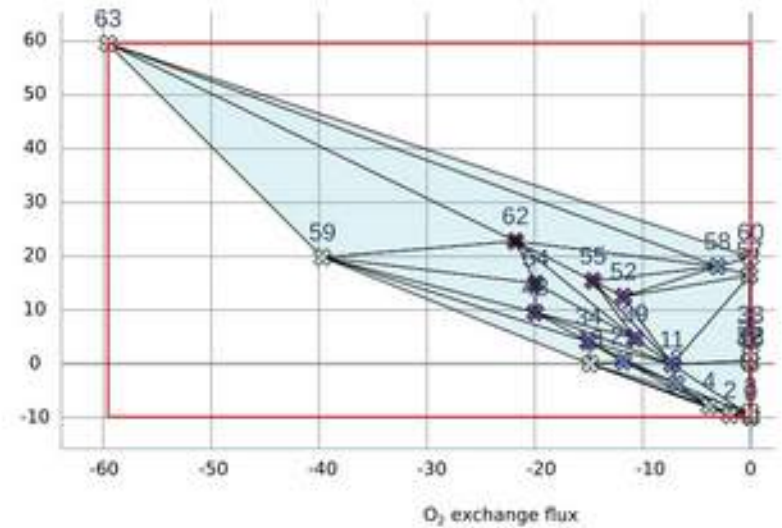


Metabolic niche of E. Coli

CO₂ exchange flux



CO₂ exchange flux



What can we do with metabolic niches?

Comparison of organisms through their niche

Considered nutrients (niche axes) :

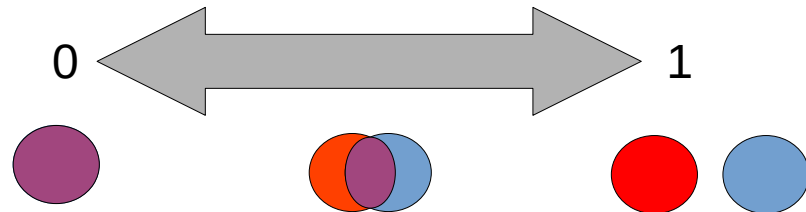
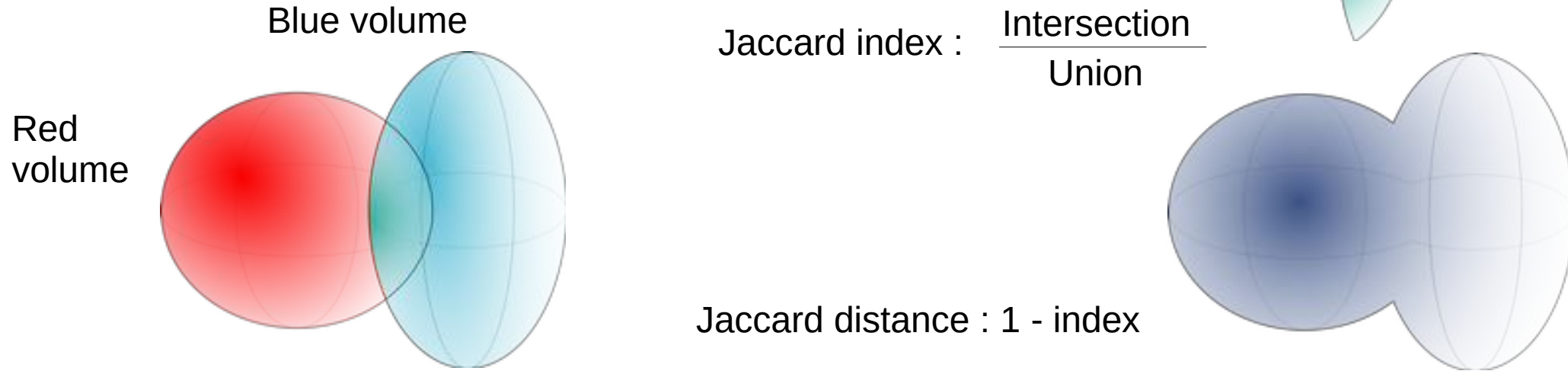
- NH_4
- SO_4
- H_2S
- Glucose
- NO_3

Metabolic Networks : bacteria reconstructed with CarveMe



How to compare metabolic niches?

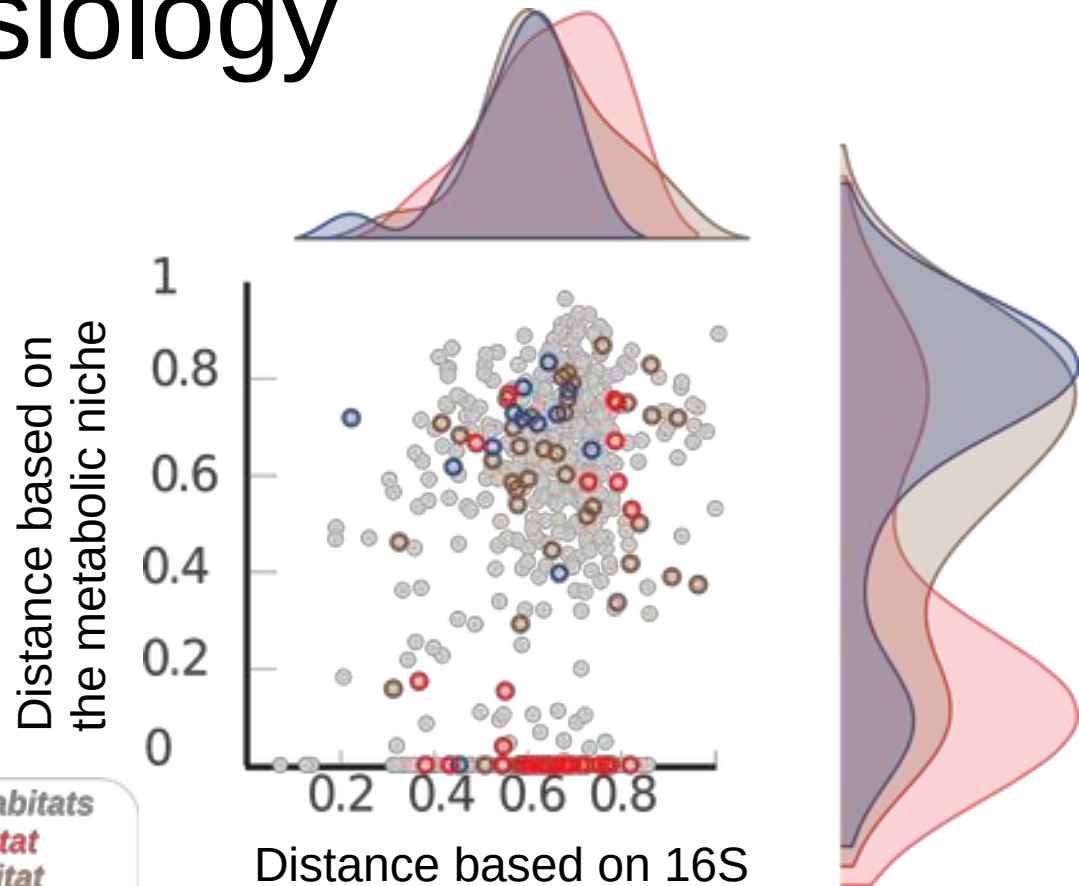
A measure of similarity between two volumes:



Phylogeny is not the same as physiology

Comparison of 39 bacteria from diverse environments

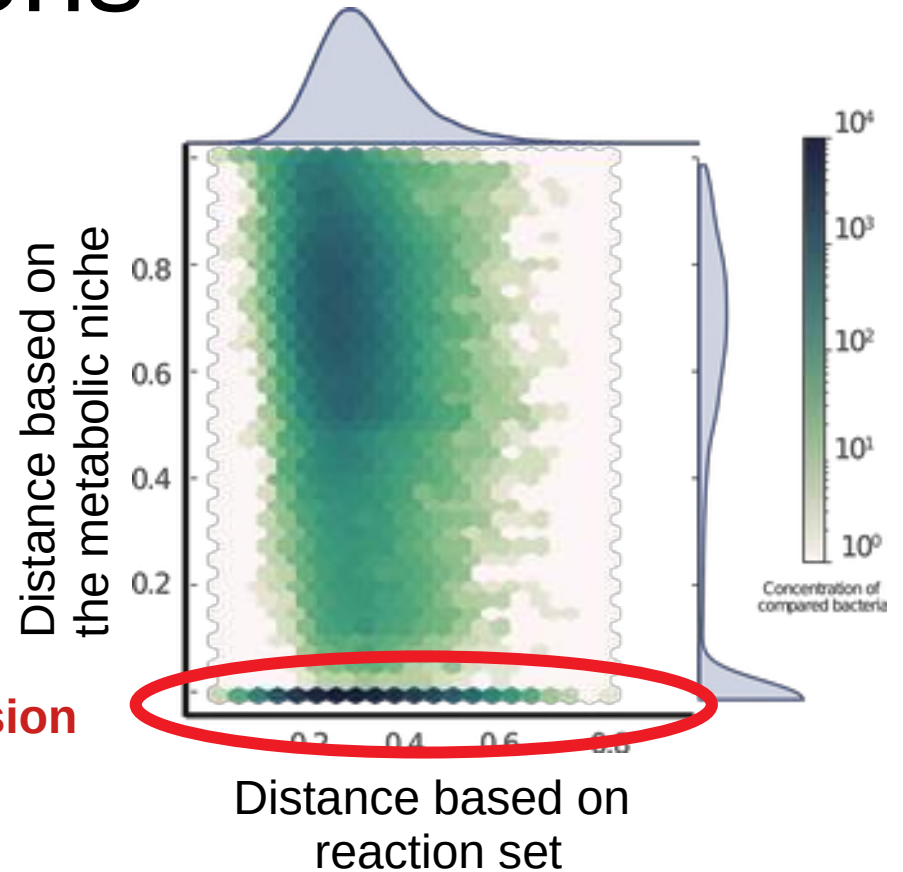
Bacteria from distinct habitats
Bacteria from a gut habitat
Bacteria from a soil habitat
Bacteria from an aquatic habitat



Functionalities are keys, not reactions

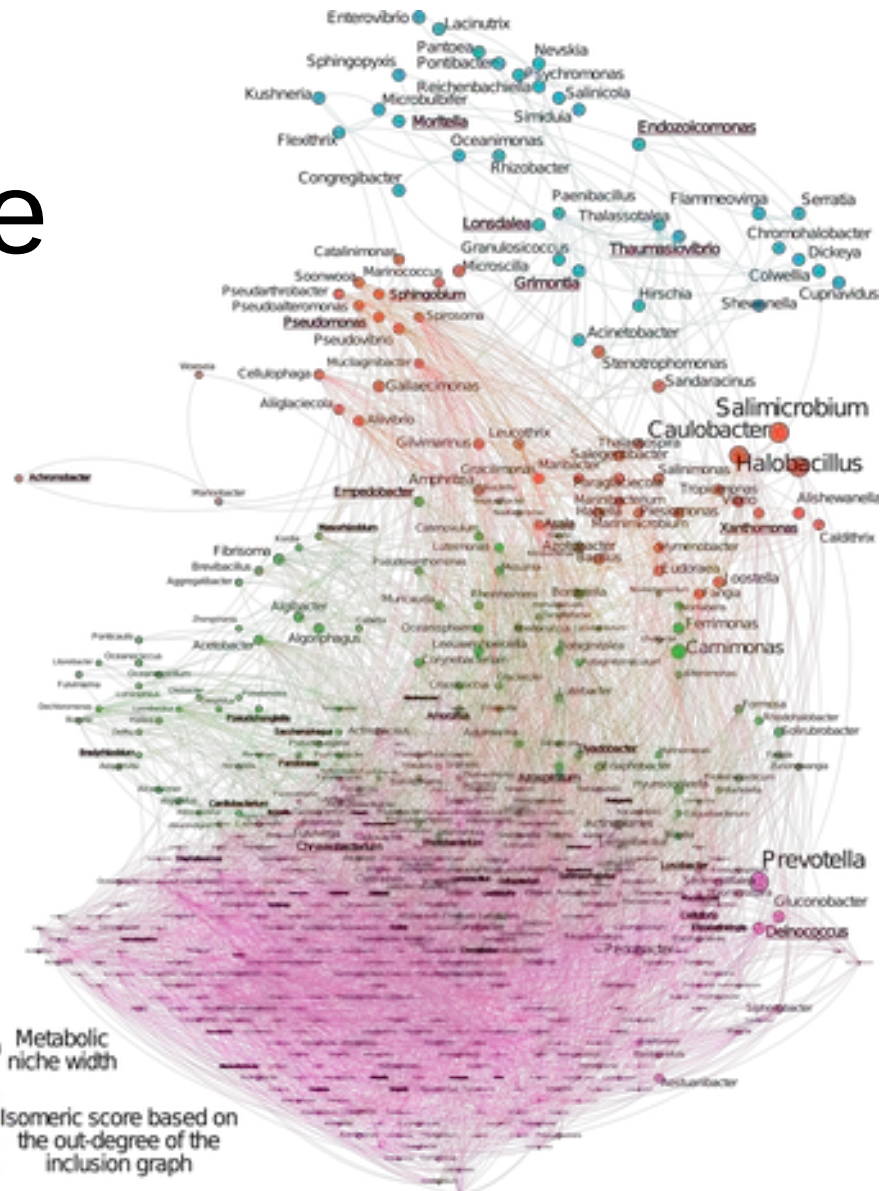
Comparison of 500 Tara Ocean bacteria

Metabolic niche inclusion



Ordering the living through its niche size

The niche size is the witness of the plasticity of the organism.

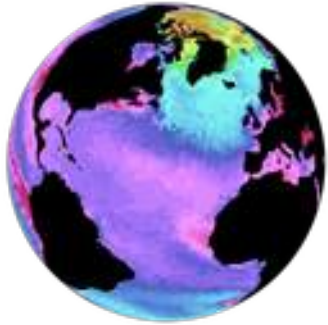


What can we do with metabolic niches?

Make biology for stubborn physician oceanographer

Ocean Biogeochemical Models

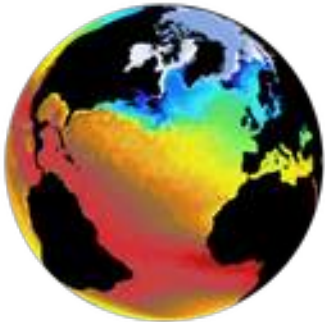
pH



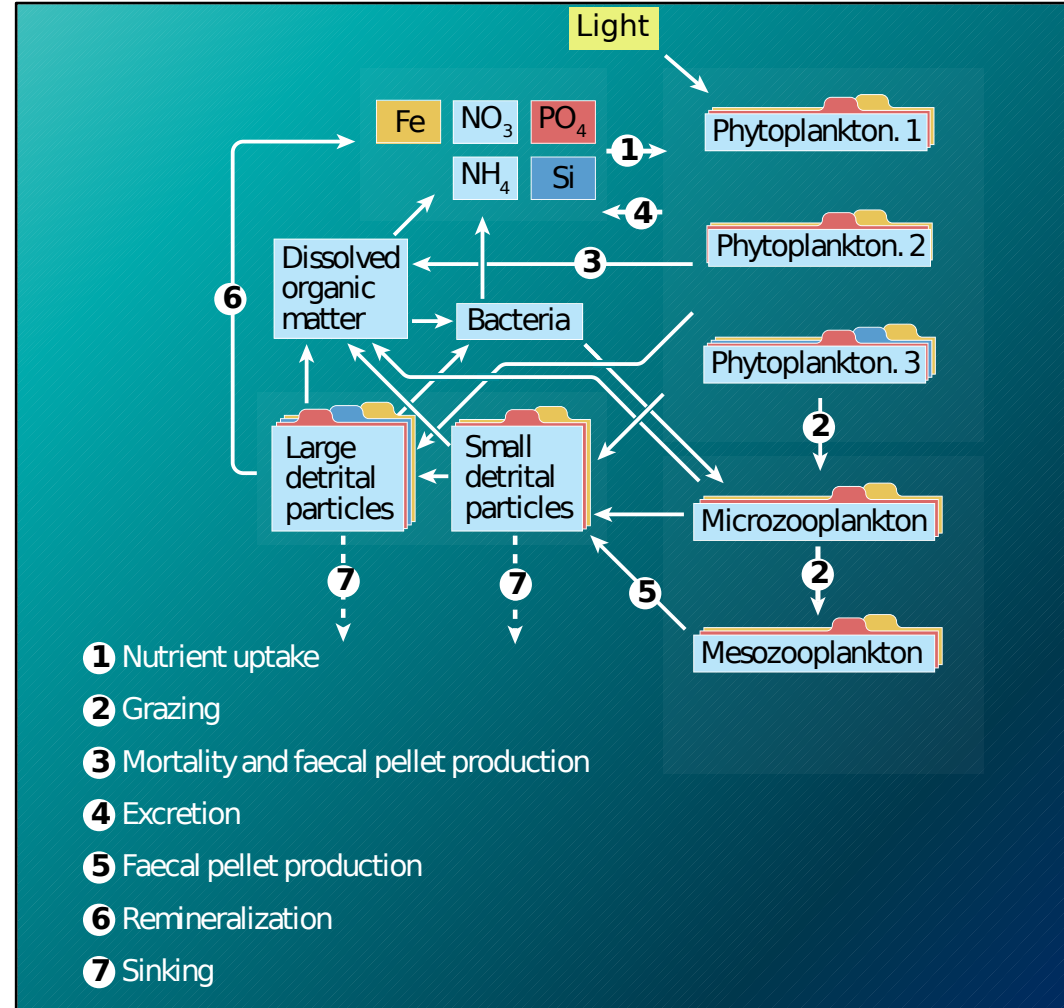
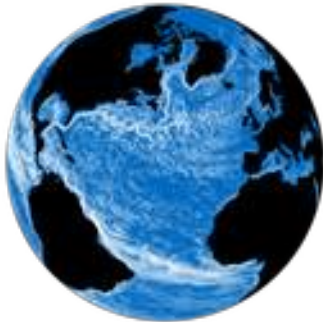
Chlorophyll



Temperature



Velocity field



Plug & Play

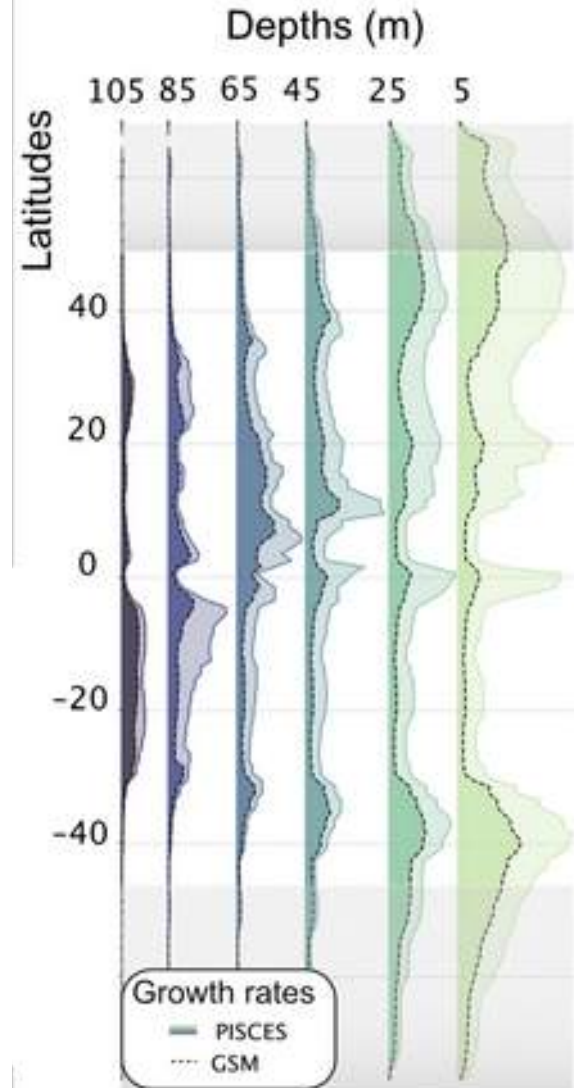
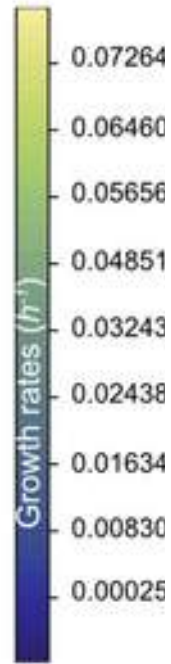
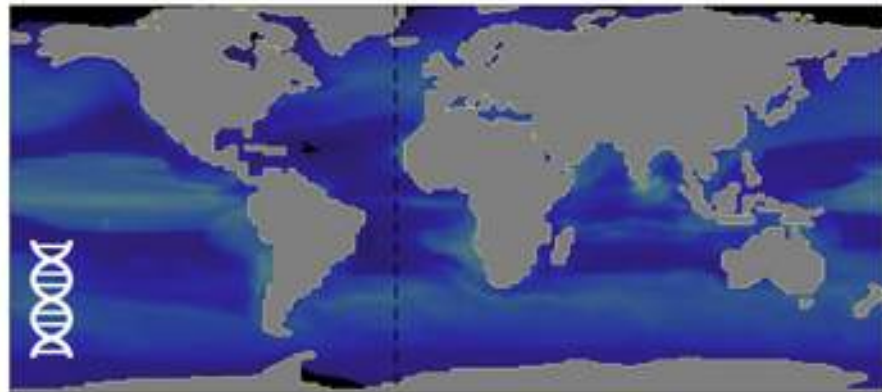
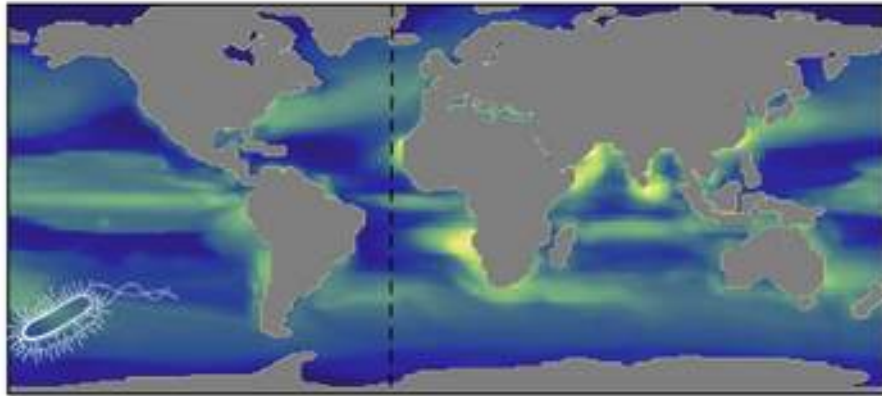
$$\mathcal{N} := \left\{ \mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^p \mid \exists \mathbf{y} \in \mathbb{R}^{n-p}, \mathbf{S} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{y} \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{lb} \leq \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{y} \end{pmatrix} \leq \mathbf{ub} \right\} \quad (\mathcal{N} \text{ is convex})$$

Let us split \mathbf{x} into the biomass flux, and the environmental fluxes: $\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}_{env} \\ x_{bio} \end{pmatrix}$

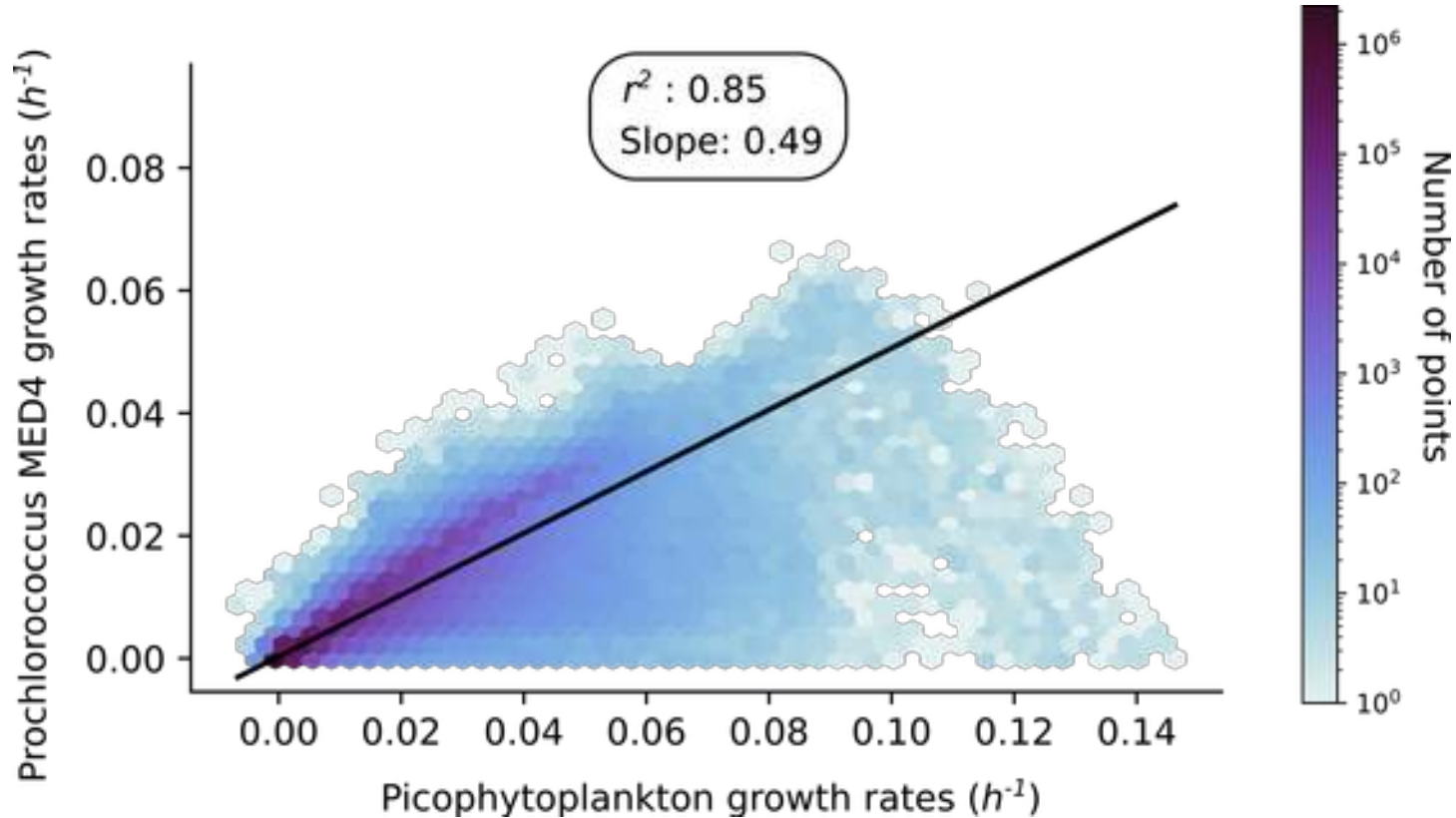
For any given environmental conditions, we are able to compute the maximal growth rate of the modeled organism:

$$\begin{cases} \max & x_{bio} \\ \mathbf{x} = & \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}_{env} \\ x_{bio} \end{pmatrix} \in \mathcal{N}, \end{cases}$$

Results on *Prochlorococcus*

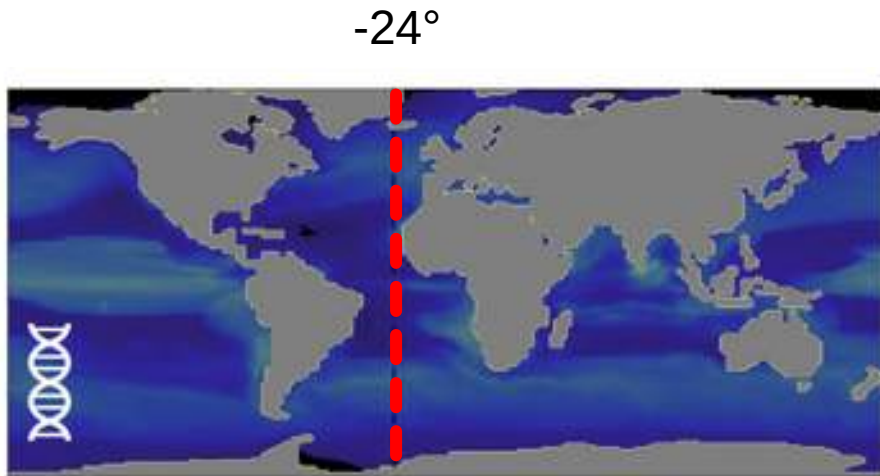


Results on *Prochlorococcus*

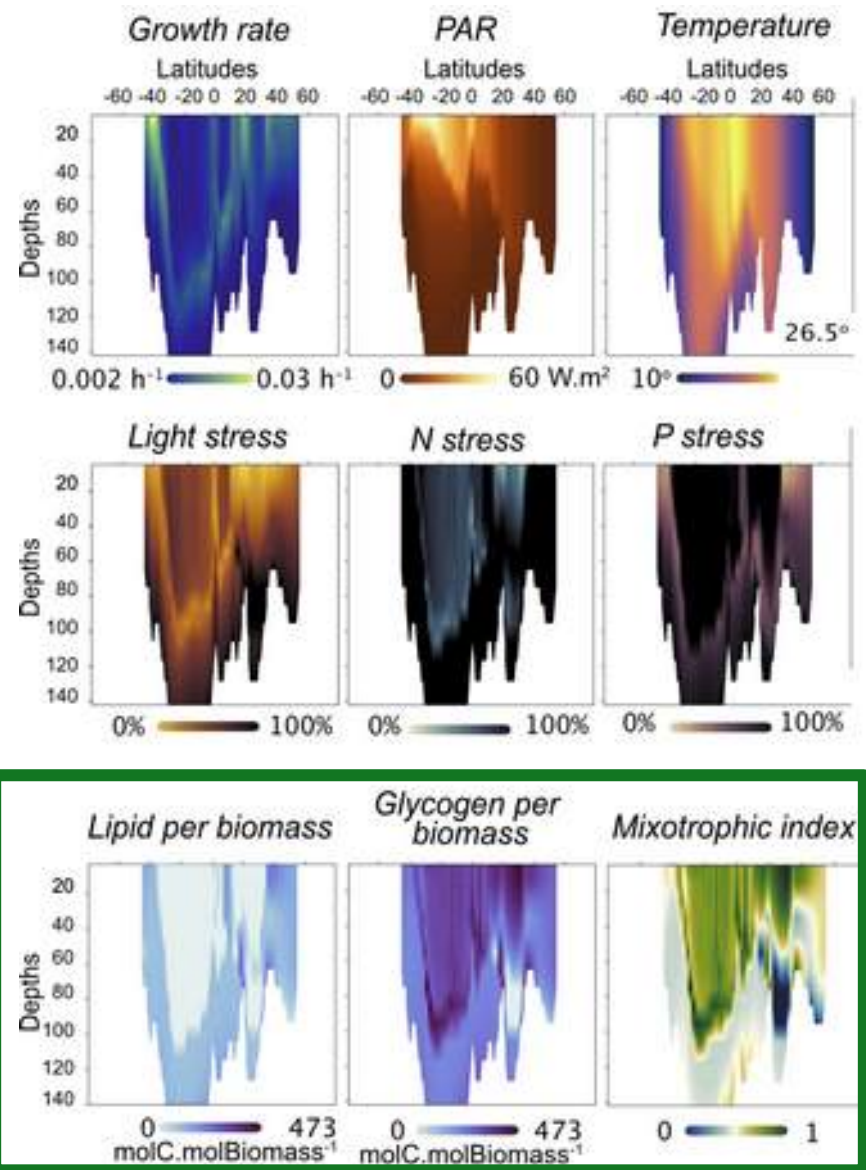


(*Prochlorococcus*, *Synechococcus*, *Florenciella*, *Bolidomonas*, *Pelagomonas*, *Imantonia*, *Micromonas*, *Ostreococcus*, *Pycnococcus*, *Nannochloris*...)

Physiology of *Prochlorococcus*

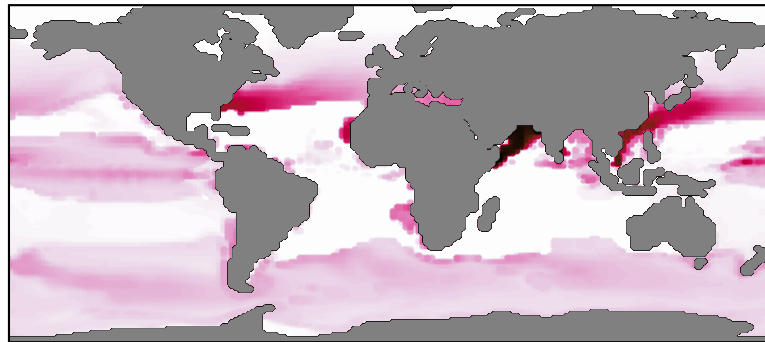


Consequence of stresses



Physiology of *Prochlorococcus*

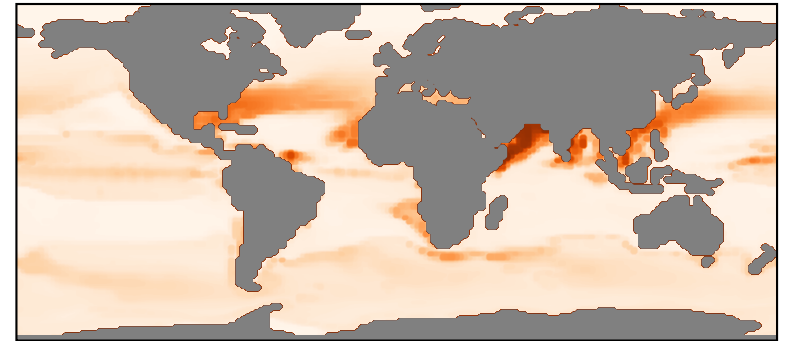
Two types of energy storage



Lipids over-production in $\text{mmolLipids.gDW}^{-1}.\text{h}^{-1}$

0 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04

Long term storage



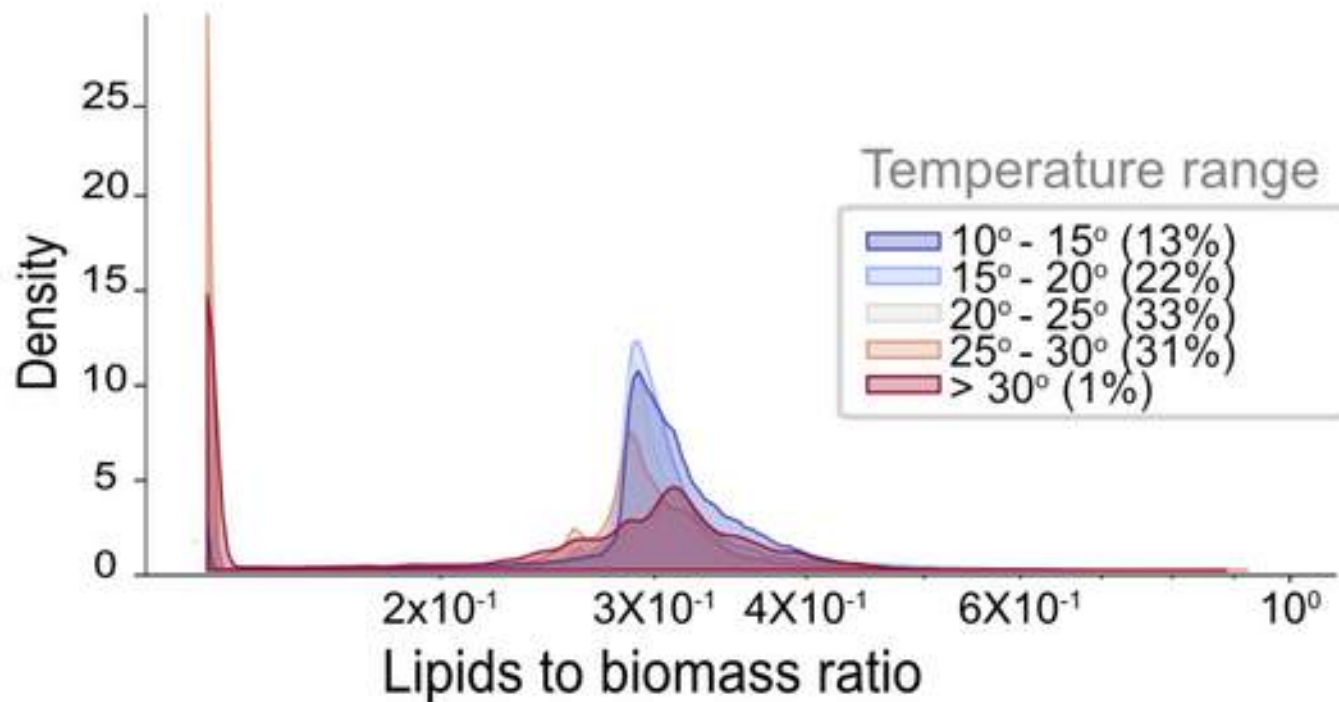
Glycogen over-production in $\text{mmolGlycogen.gDW}^{-1}.\text{h}^{-1}$

0 0.20 0.41 0.60 0.82

Short term storage

Physiology of *Prochlorococcus*

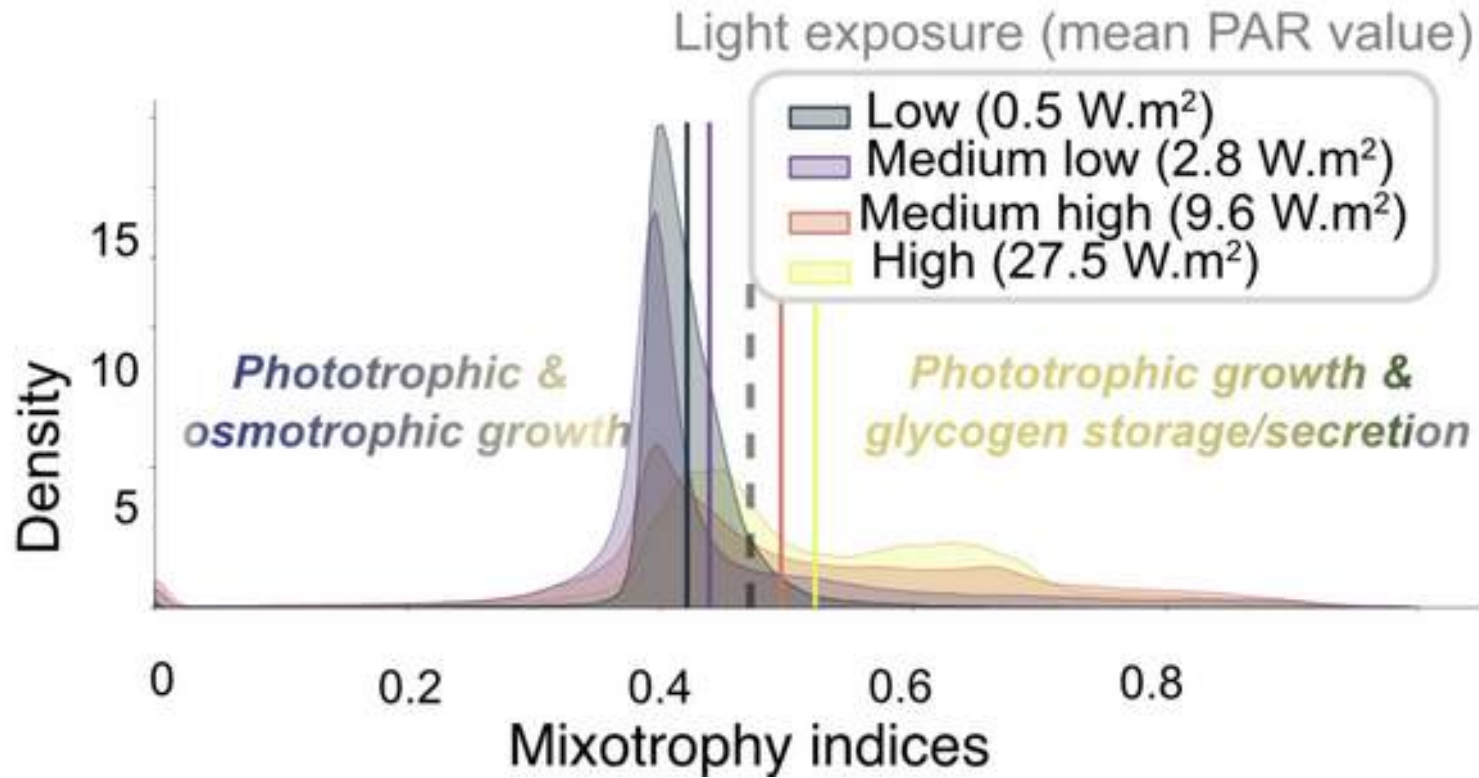
Le gras c'est la vie



Result consistent with:

Guyet, U. *et al.* Synergic effects of temperature and irradiance on the physiology of the marine synechococcus strain WH7803.

Physiology of *Prochlorococcus*



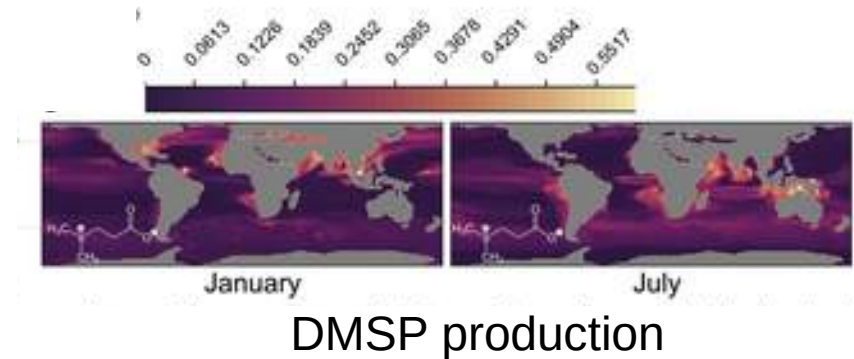
Take home messages

Genome-Scale Models are well suited to model microorganisms

The metabolic niche is a theoretical concept

The metabolic niche is a numerical tool

If physicians can handle it we are ready to introduce new metabolites and more biodiversity in ocean models



Thank you for your attention!

And a special thanks to :

Alessandro Tagliabue

Olivier Aumont

Chris Bowler

Lionel Guidi

George Jackson

Eric Karsenti

Laurent Memery

Damien Eveillard

Daniele Ludicone

Alejandro ++



Any questions?