



"Enhancing Interpretability of Global Plankton Communities Modeling through Multi-Omics and AI Techniques"

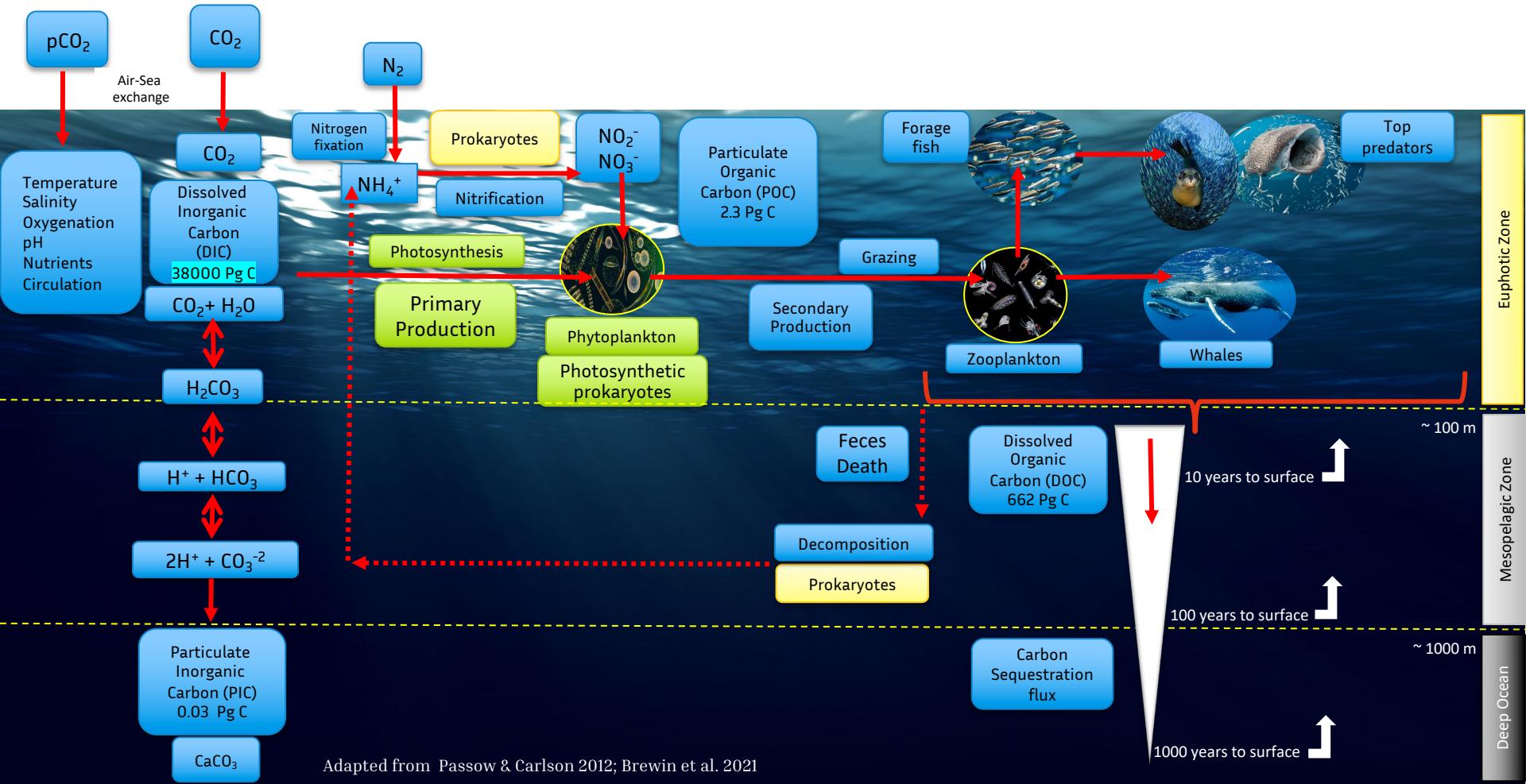
Luis Valenzuela

Workshop: Towards a modern analysis of omics data of the Ocean

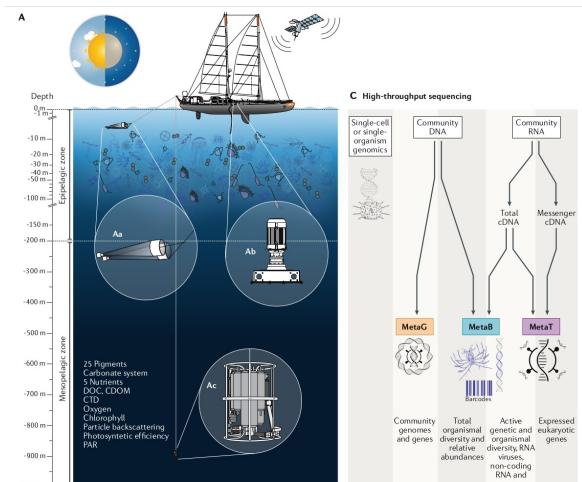
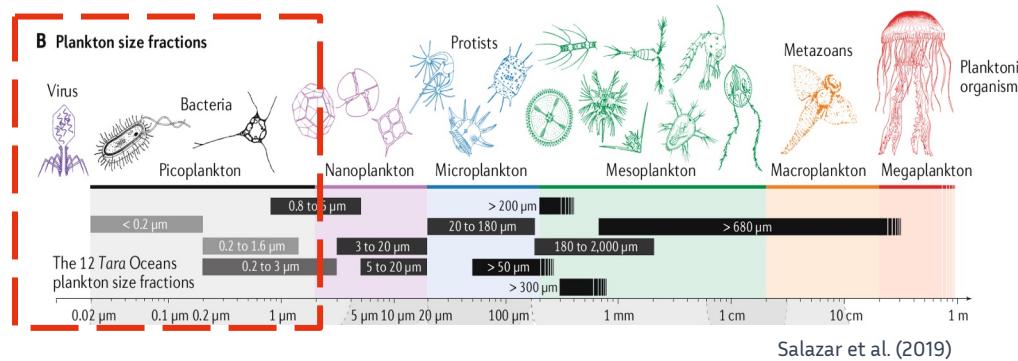
Instituto Sistemas Complejos, Valparaíso, Chile, 2023



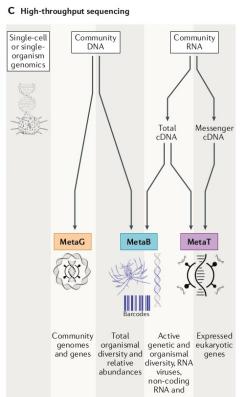
Climate Change, Oceanic Carbon pumps and plankton roles



Ocean Microbial Reference Gene Catalog v2



Sunagawa et al. (2020)



Ocean Microbial
Reference Gene
Catalog v2:

Ocean Microbial Reference Gene Catalog v2

Metagenomic dataset:

~ 57.000 million reads ($90\text{ pb} \pm 2.6\text{ pb}$)

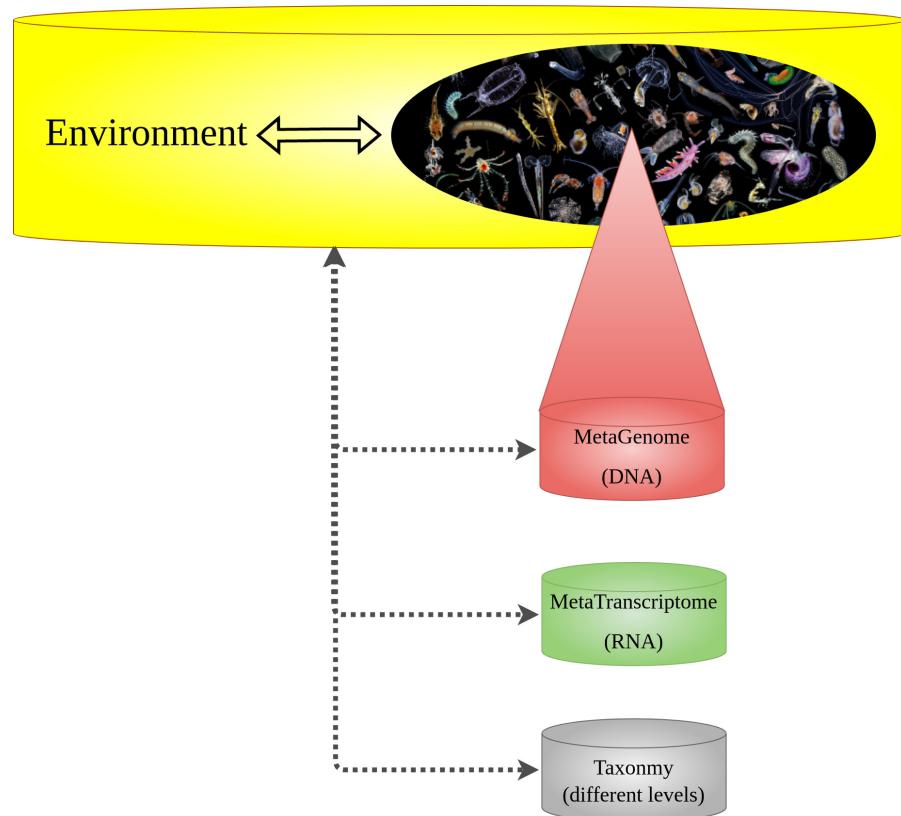
ATGC...CTGGG ₉₀	...	TTCA...TTTCC ₉₀
GCCC...AAAAG ₉₀		GGGGA...AGCTA ₉₀

(meta)genome assembly
↓

~ 200 metagenomes:
~ 230000 scaffolds, N50: 1300pb (average)
~ 42 million genes

Functional annotation
Quantification
Normalization
↓

	Gene ₁	Gene ₂	...	Gene _{42M}
metaG ₁				
metaG ₂				
...				
metaG ₂₀₀				

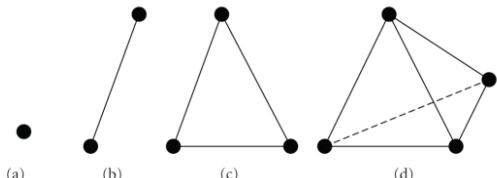


Salazar et al., Gene expression changes and community turnover differentially shape the global ocean metatranscriptome, Cell, 2019.

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/biostudies/studies/S-BSST297>

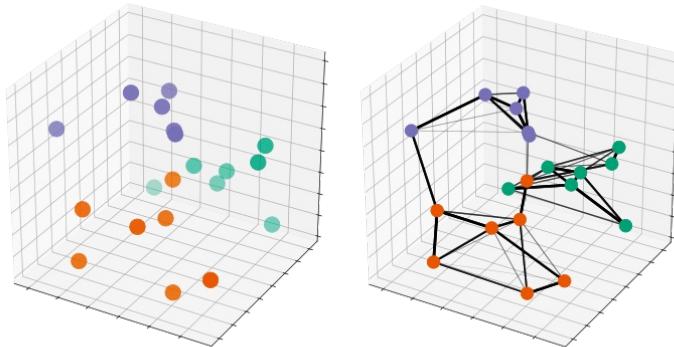
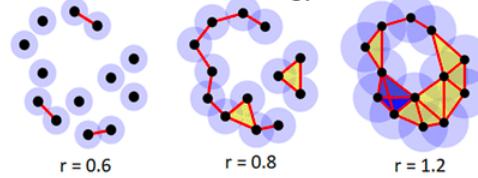
Persistent Homology and Uniform Manifold Approximation and Projection (UMAP)

K-Simplicial Complexes

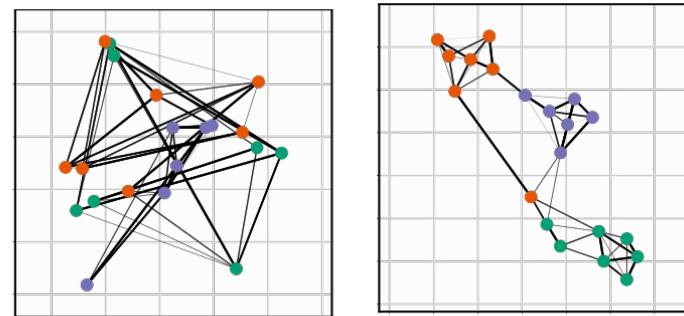


(a) 0-simplex is a vertex,
(b) 1-simplex is a line,
(c) 2-simplex is a triangle, (d) 3-simplex is a tetrahedron.

Persistent Homology filtrations



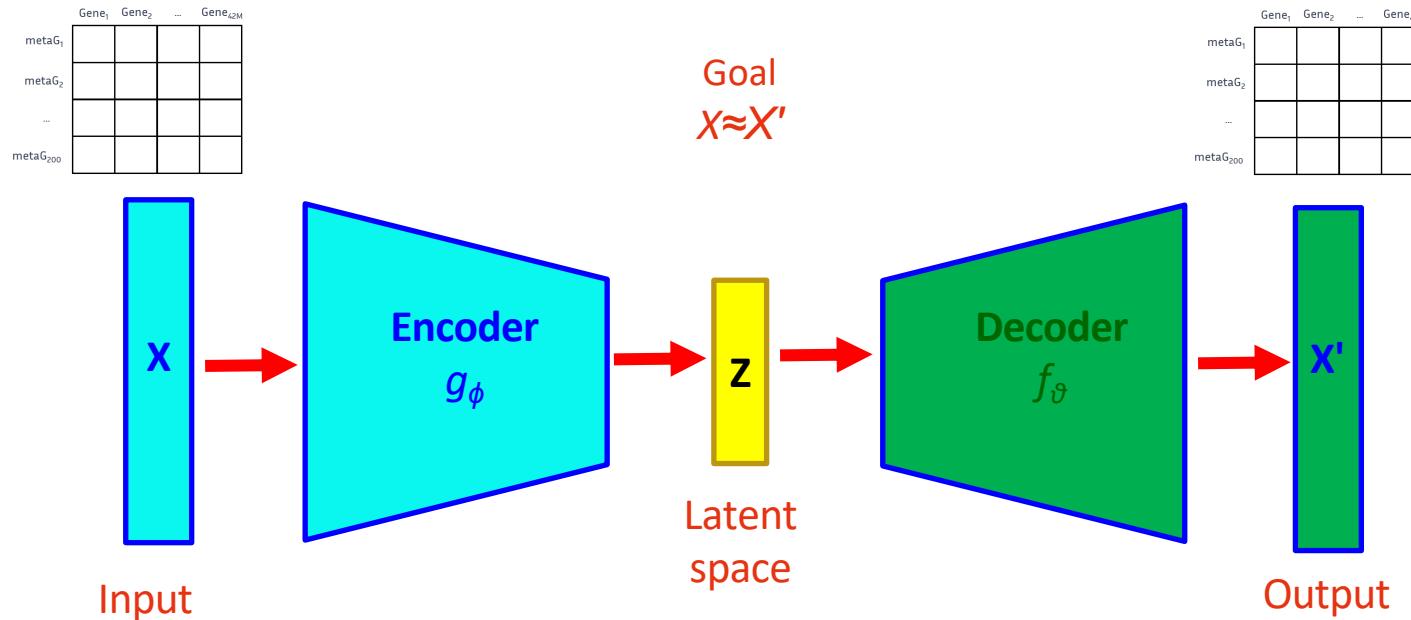
Compute a graphical representation
of the dataset



Learn an embedding that preserves
the structure of the graph

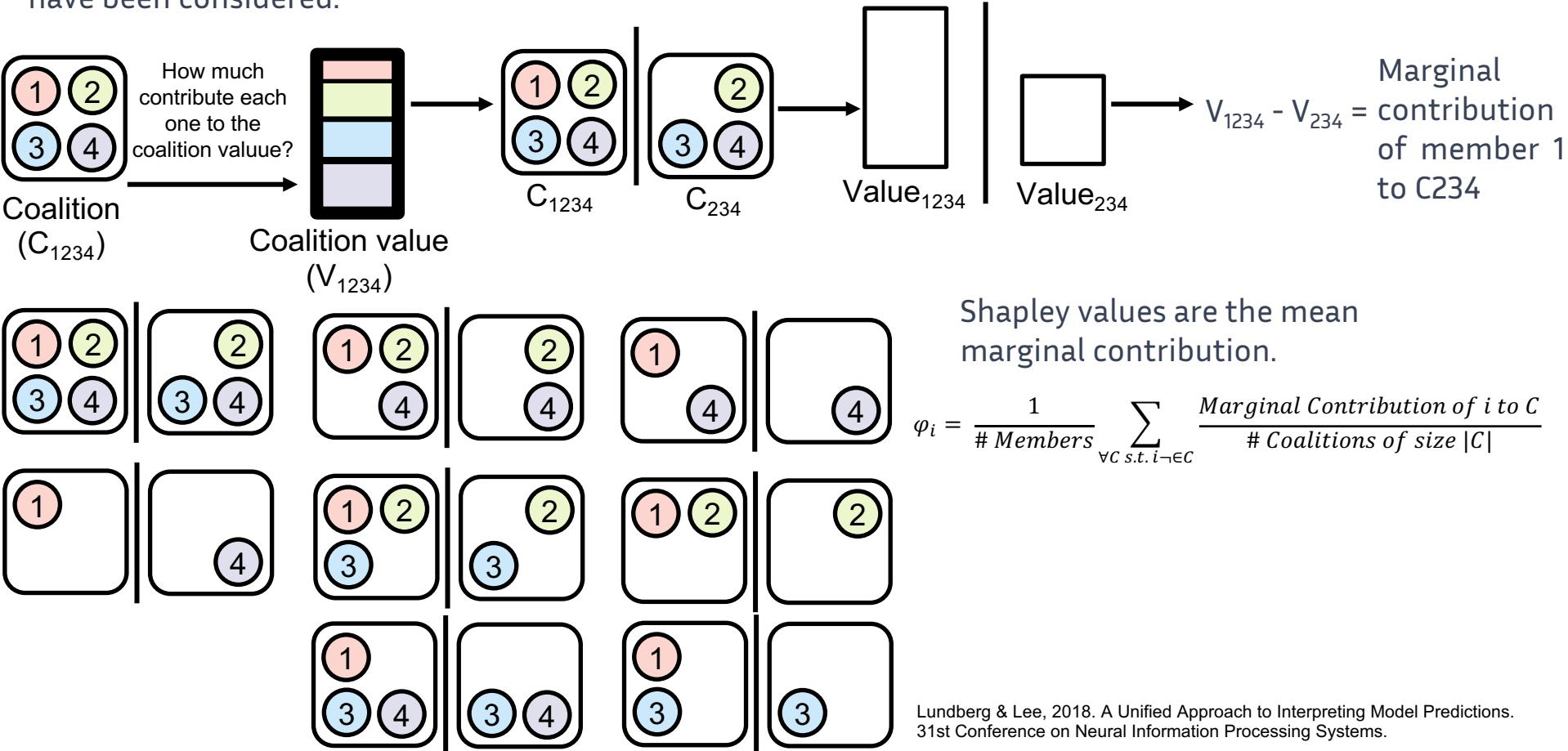
Autoencoder

An Autoencoder is a neural architecture designed to learn an identity function in an unsupervised way to reconstruct the original input while (usually) compressing the data in the process to discover a more efficient representation.



SHapley Additive exPlanations (SHAP) values

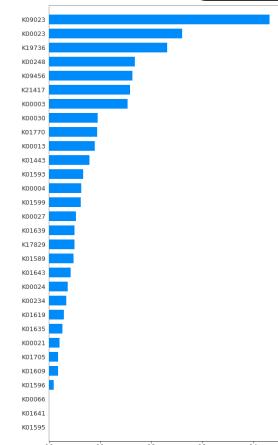
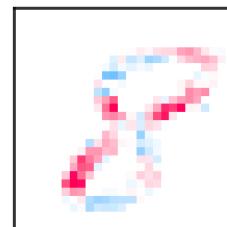
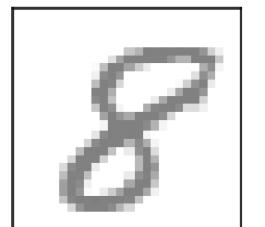
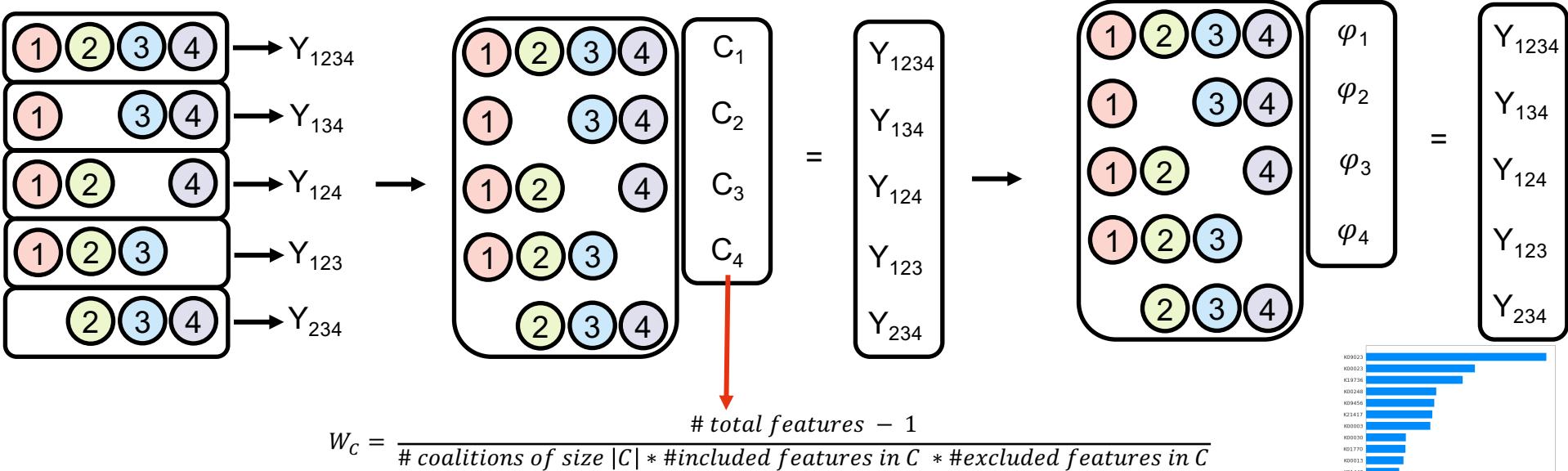
Shapley value is the average expected marginal contribution of one feature after all possible combinations have been considered.



SHapley Additive exPlanations (SHAP) values

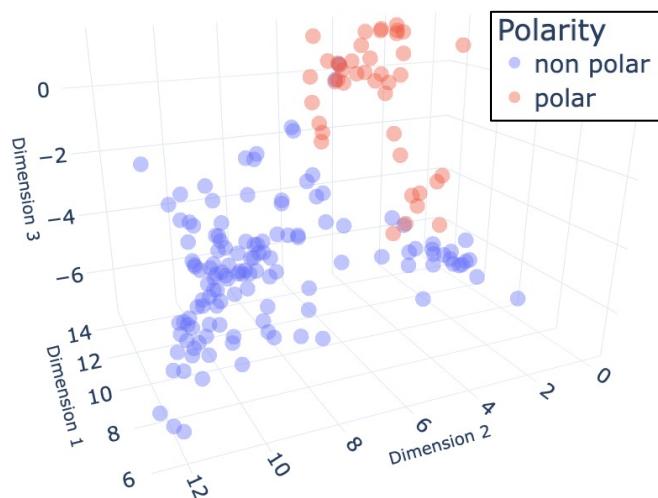
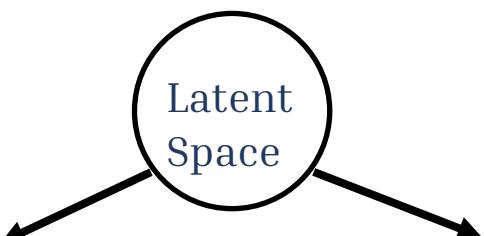
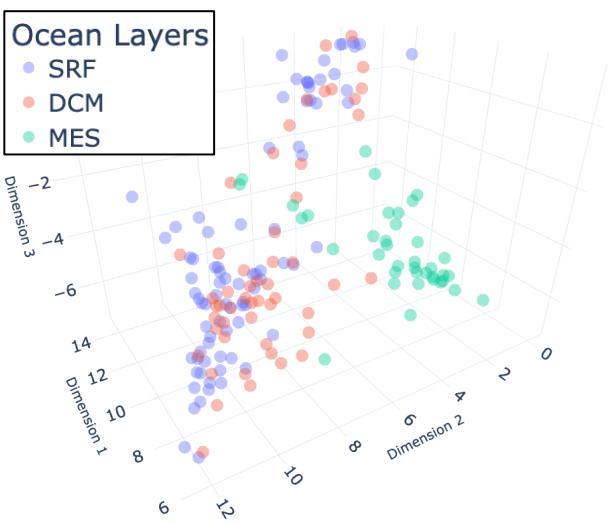
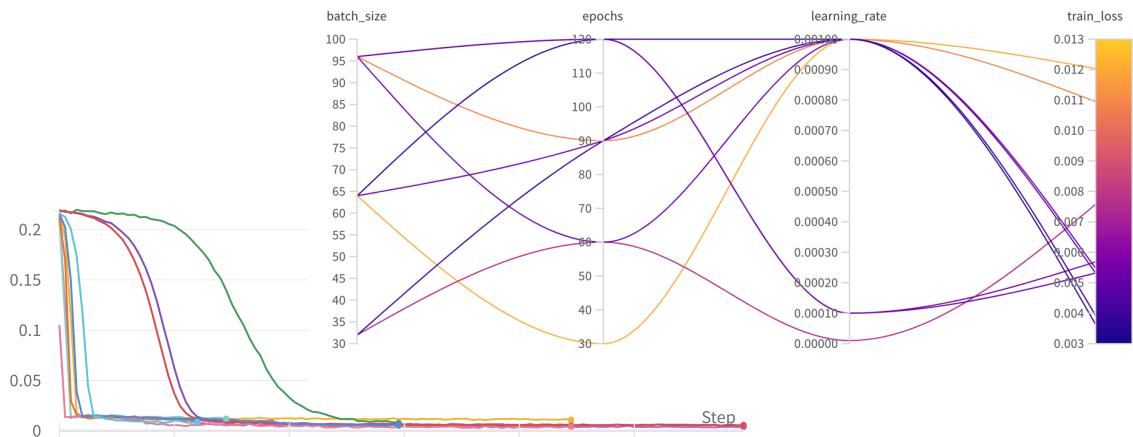
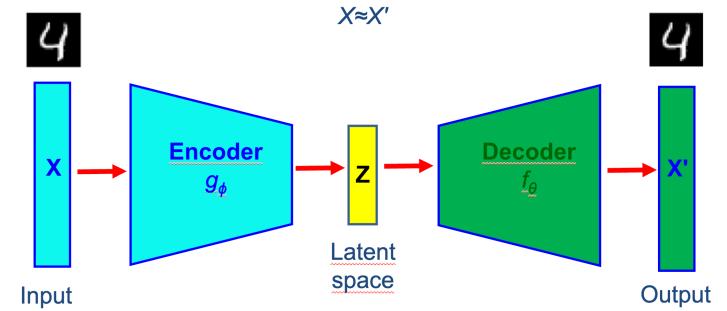
SHAP is a game theoretic approach to explain the output of any machine learning model.

SHAP Kernel approximates Shapley values through much fewer samples.



Exploration of the Omics datasets

Metagenomic assays: Functional Composition (KEGG)



Metagenomic assays: Functional Composition

i) KEGG db: 9026 features

Location

- non polar
- polar

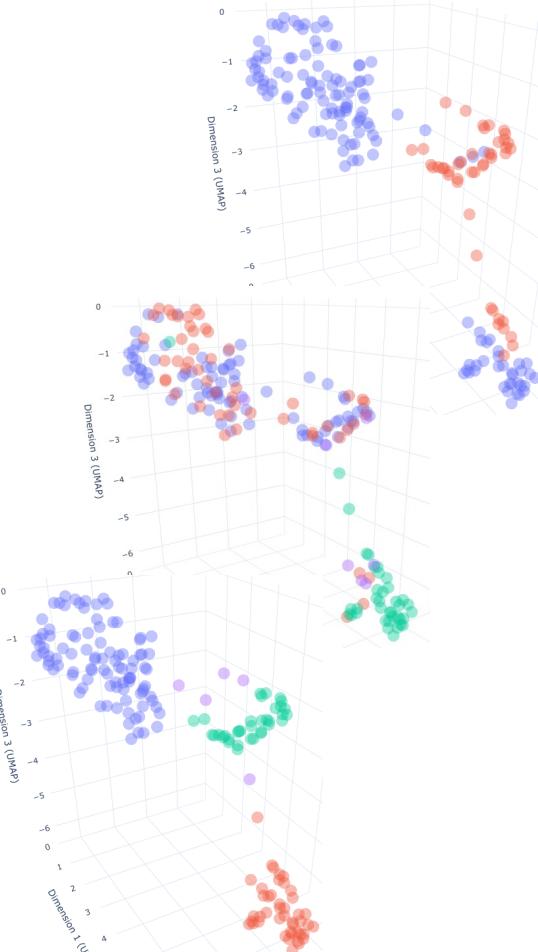
Layer

- SRF
- DCM
- MES
- MIX

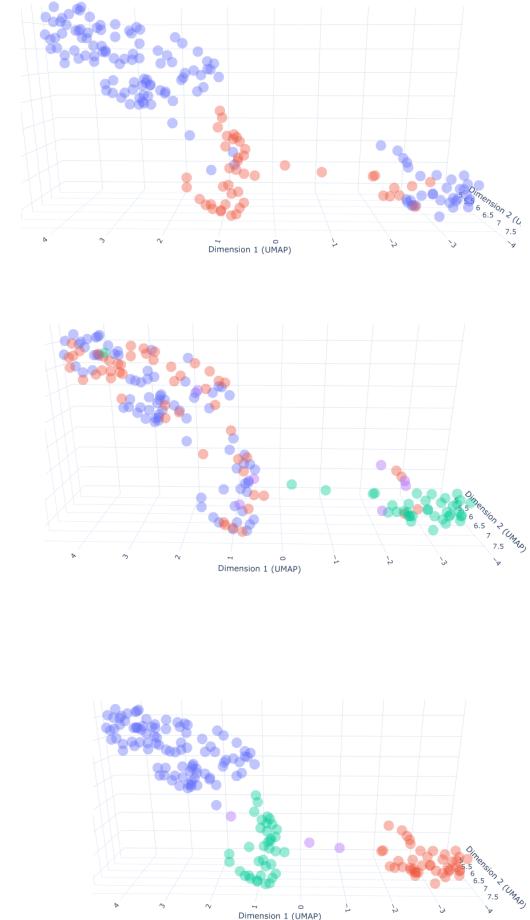
Cluster ID

- 2
- 0
- 1

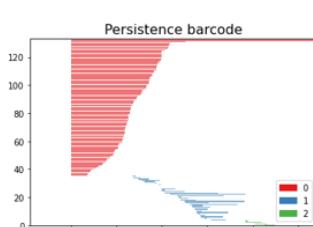
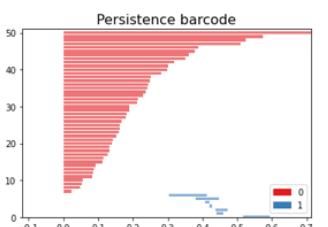
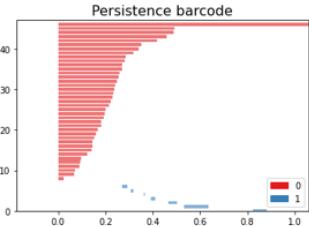
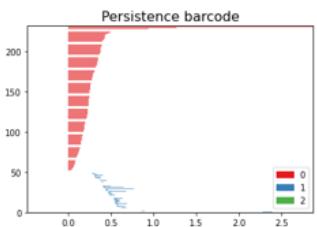
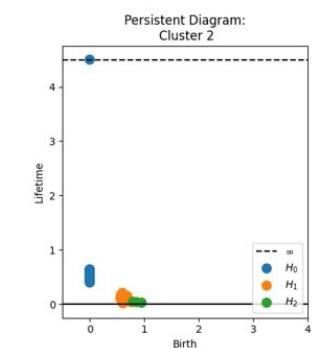
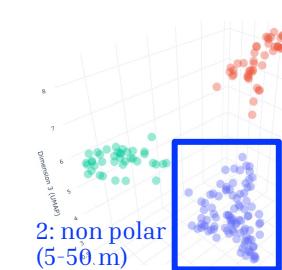
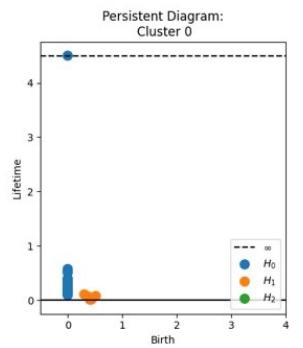
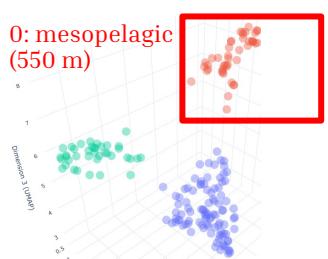
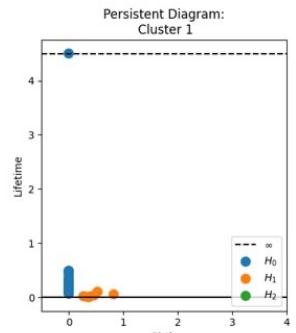
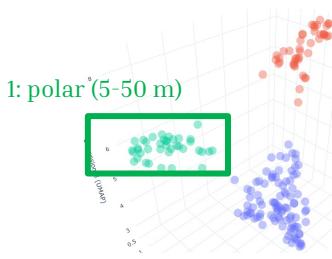
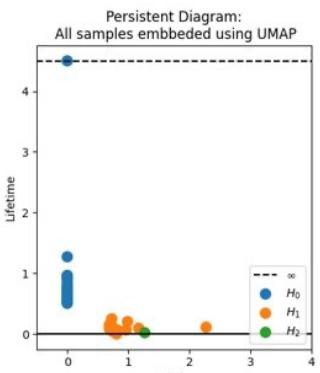
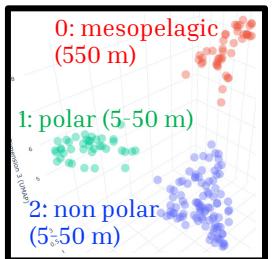
ii) eggNOG db 76022 features



iii) eggNOG+GC db 325936 features

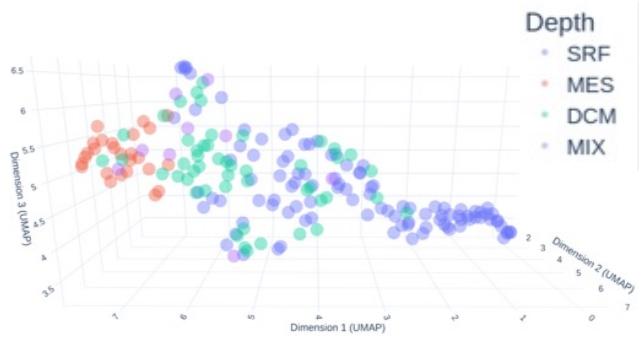


Persistent Homology from Metagenomic composition

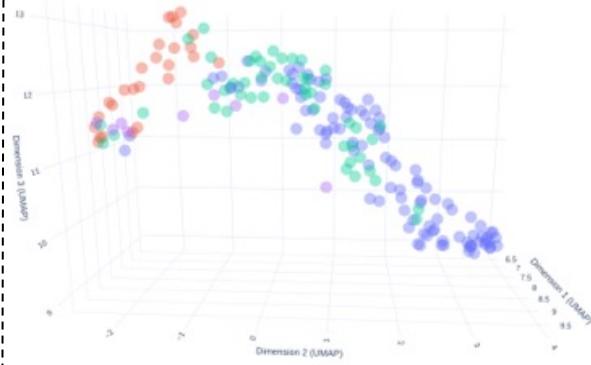


Metatranscriptomic assays: Gene expression

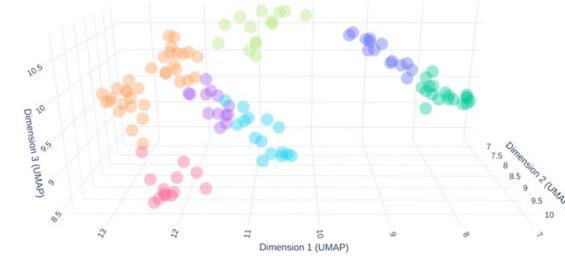
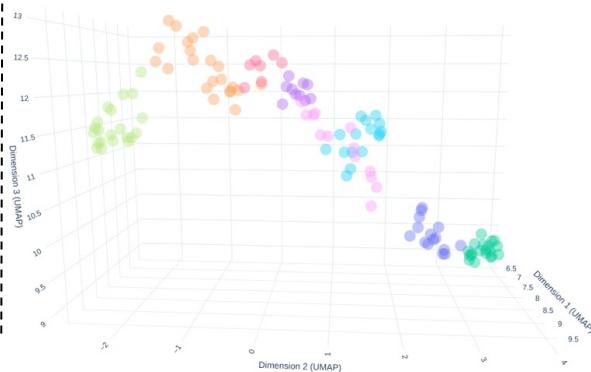
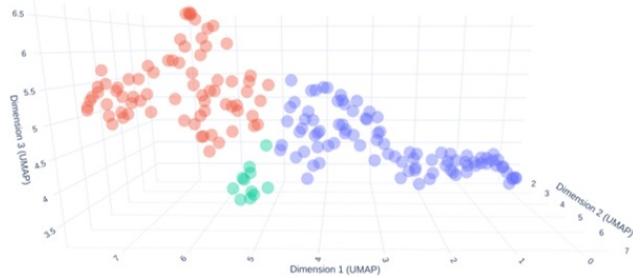
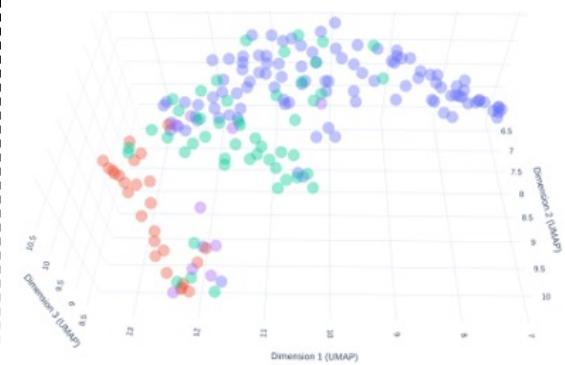
i) KEGG db: 8937 features



ii) eggNOG db 71662 features

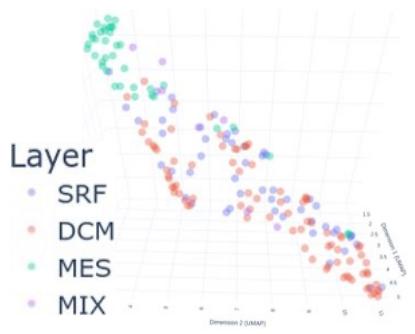


iii) eggNOG+GC db 314715 features

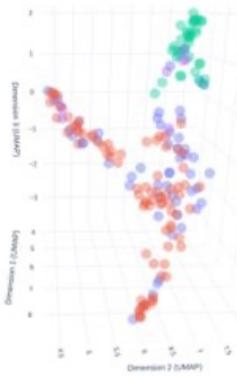


Taxonomy datasets

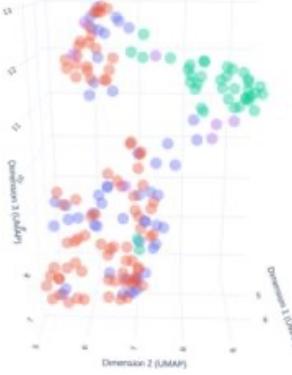
Domain level



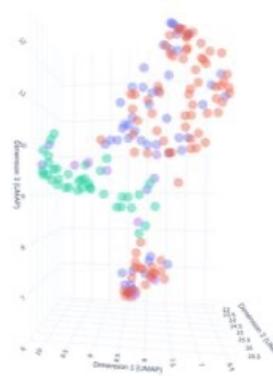
Phylum level



Class level



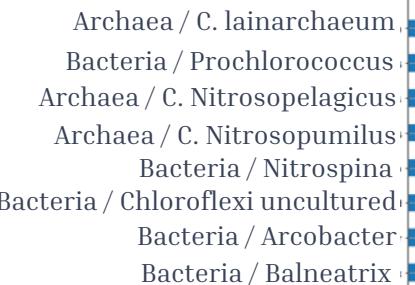
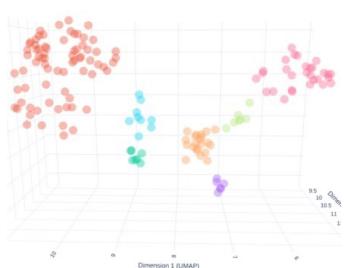
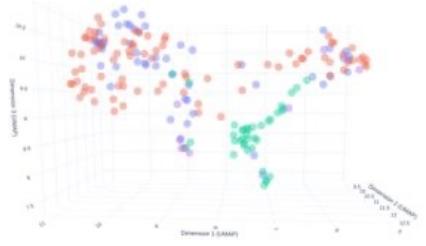
Order level



Family level

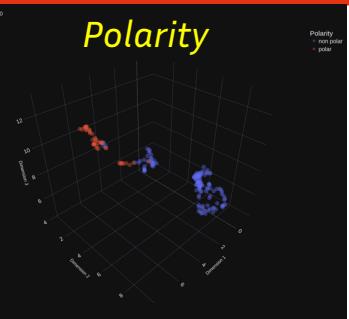


Genus level



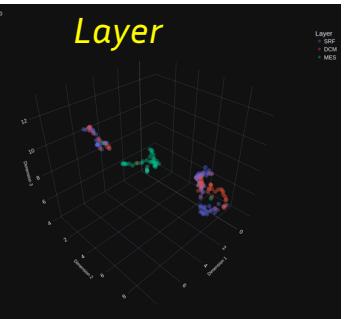
General exploration: Stability of clusters (metaG example)

Polarity



$$\mathbb{R}^{9024} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$$

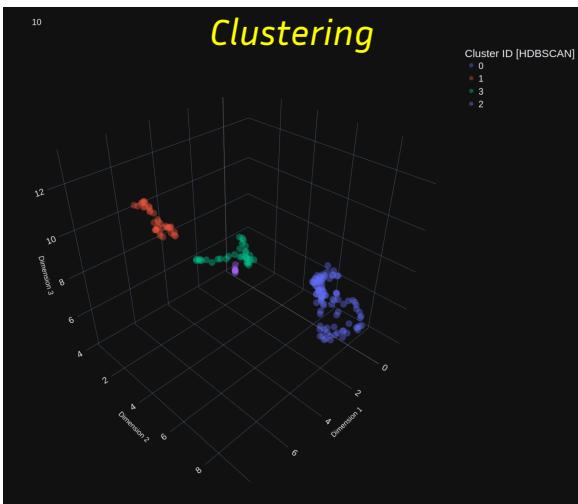
Layer



min dist: 0.1

[10 models]

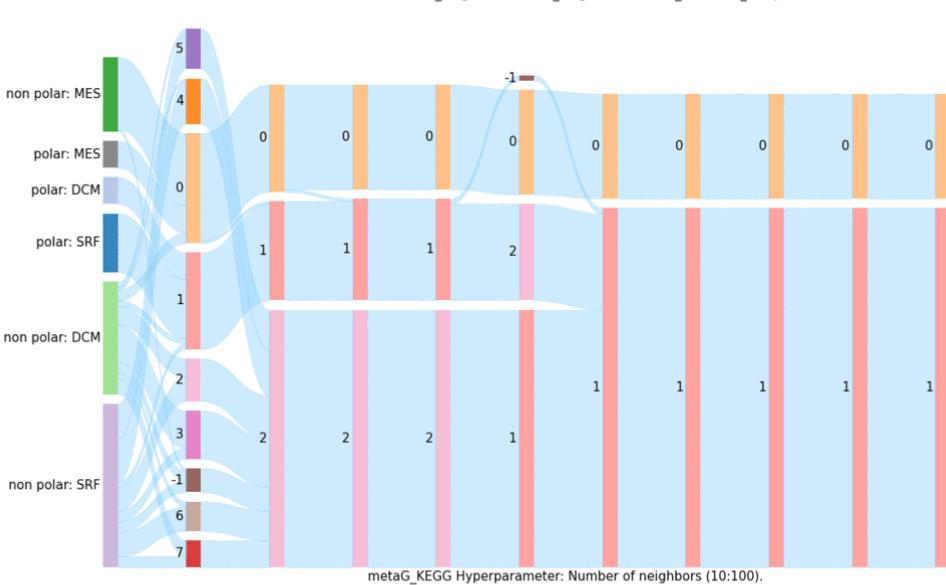
Clustering



[110 models]

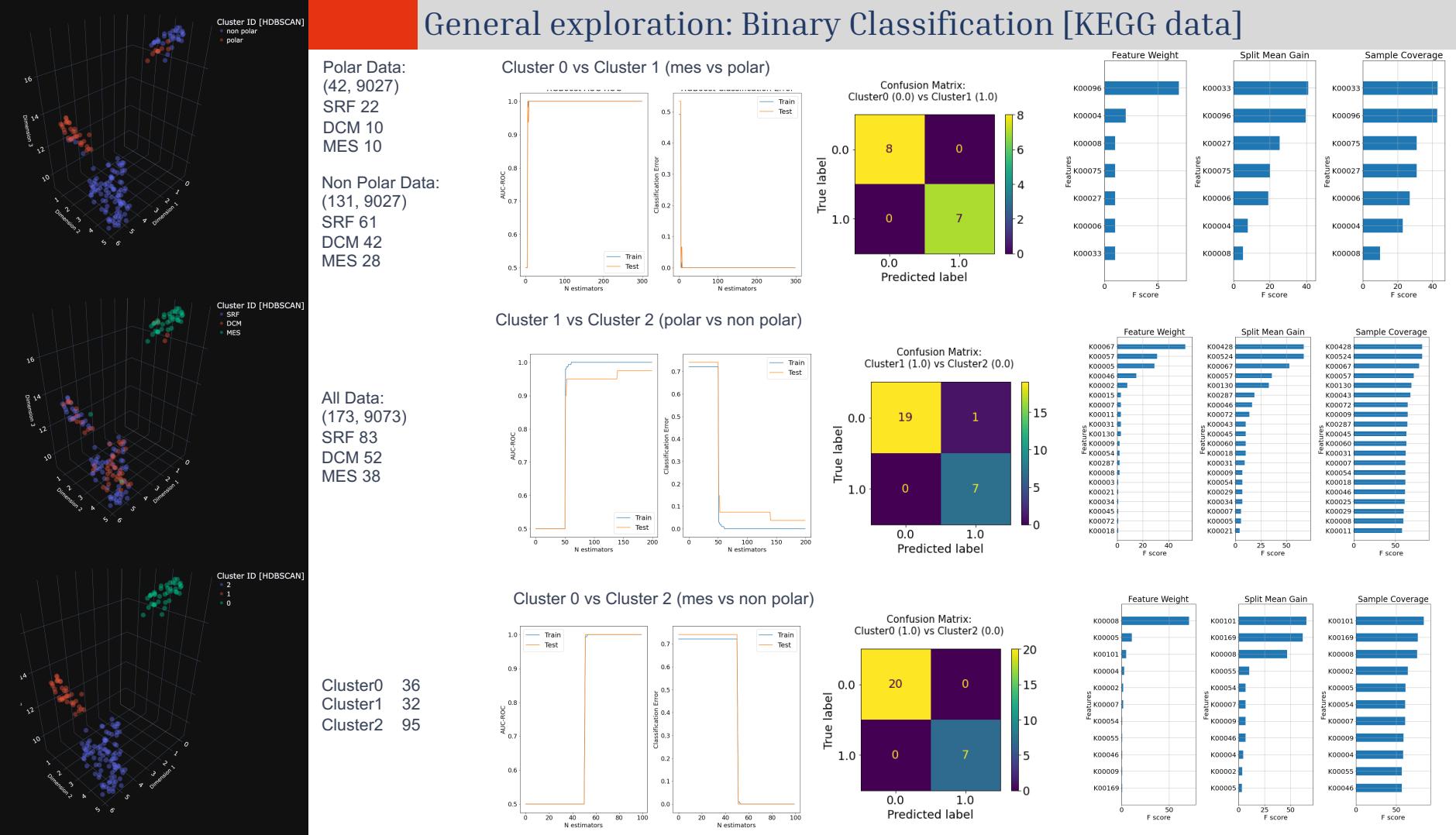
*Sankey plot: exploring min dist hyper-parameter:
gif: 0.0, 0.05, 0.10, 0.15, 0.20, 0.25, 0.30, 0.35, 0.40, 0.45, 0.50*

UMAP: Normalized data: False,min_neighbor: 10,max_neighbor: 110,min_dist: 0,n_components: 3

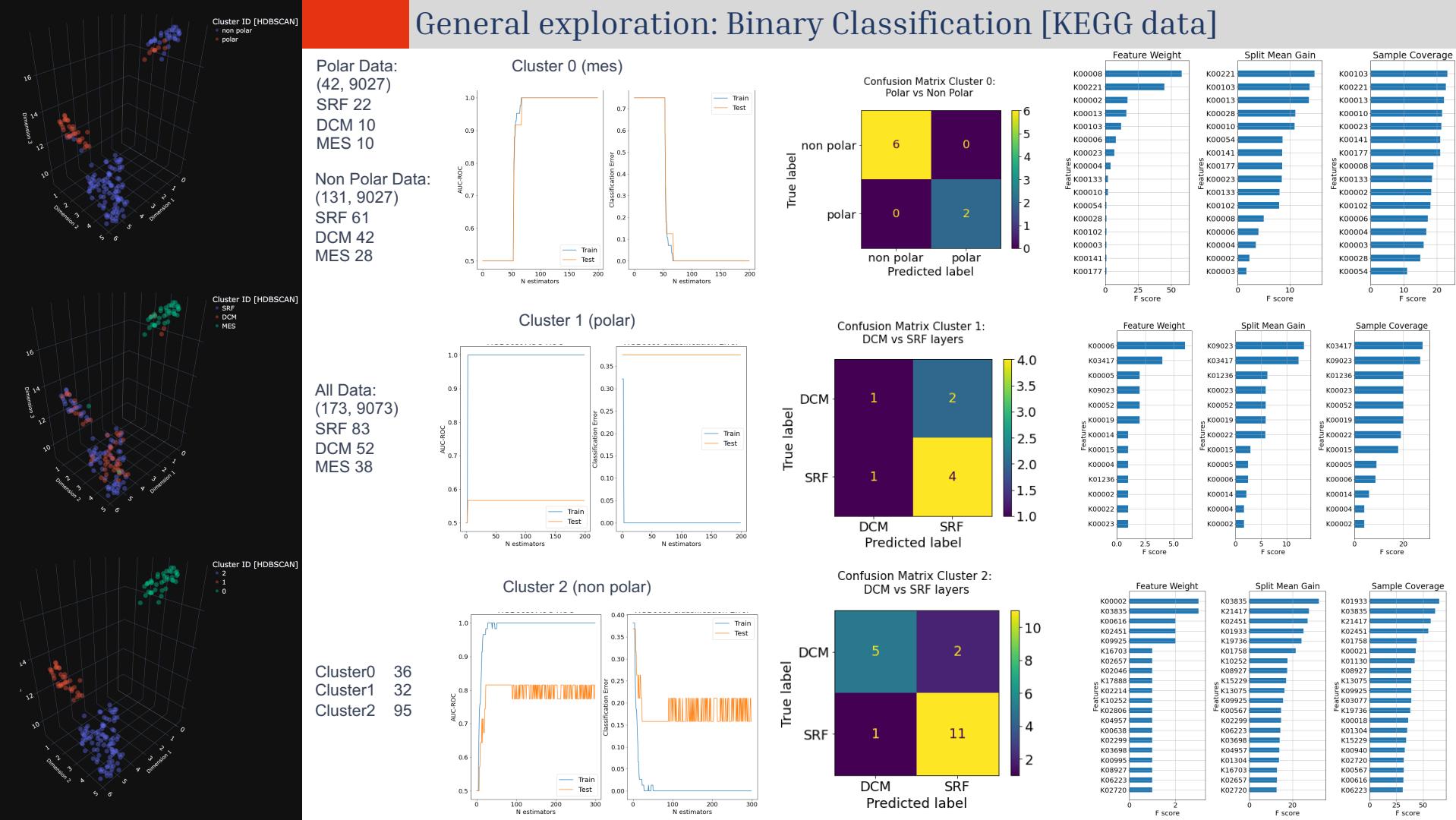


[110 models]

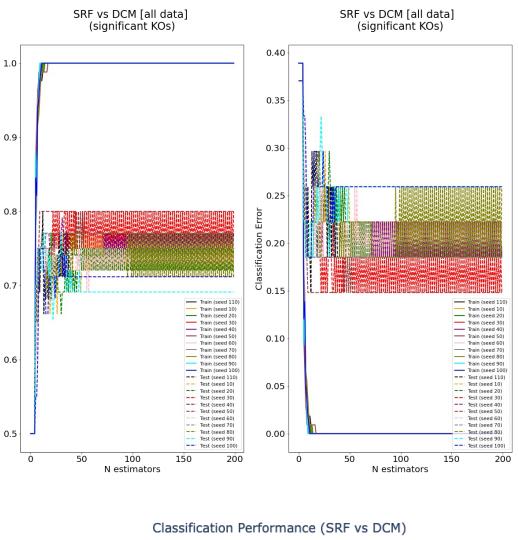
General exploration: Binary Classification [KEGG data]



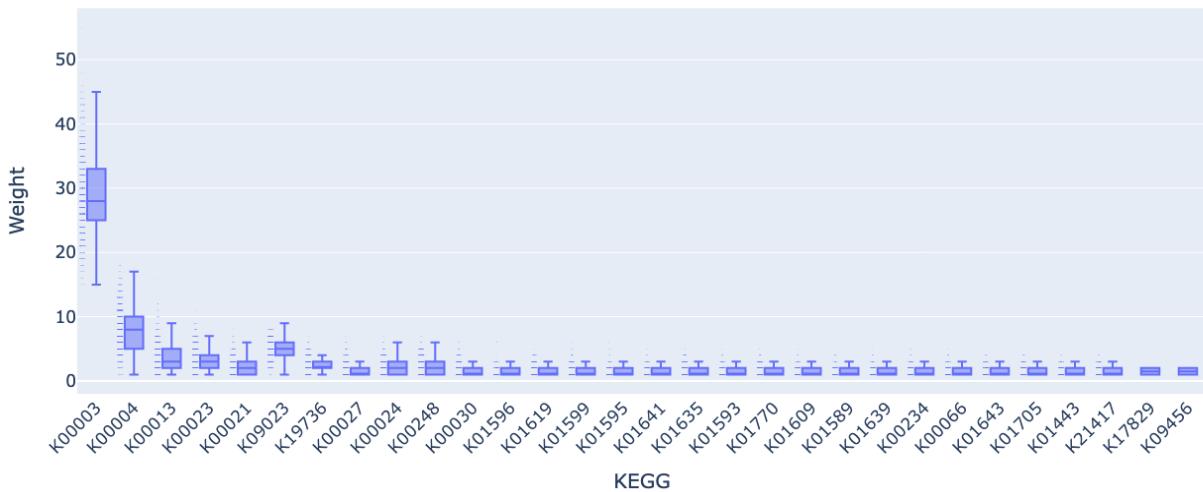
General exploration: Binary Classification [KEGG data]



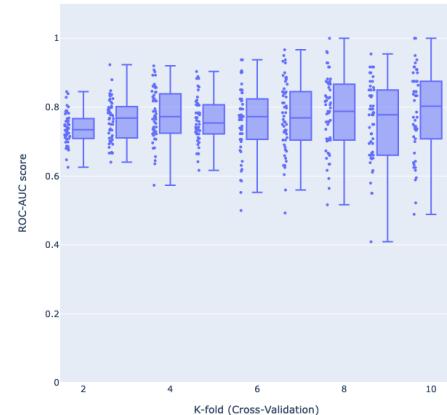
Layers characterization - Comparison 1: SRF vs DCM (5 vs 55 m depth)



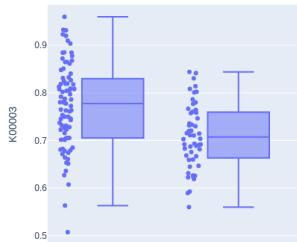
No parametric test: Wilcoxon, adjusted p value via fdr.
1808/9027 features with adj. P val < 0.05 as input for XGBoost hyperparameter tuning.



Classification Performance (SRF vs DCM)



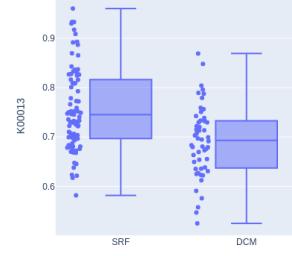
Homoserine dehydrogenase



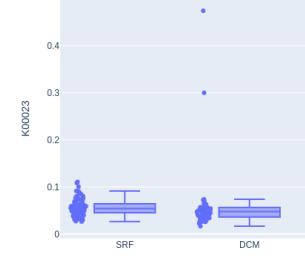
Butanediol dehydrogenase



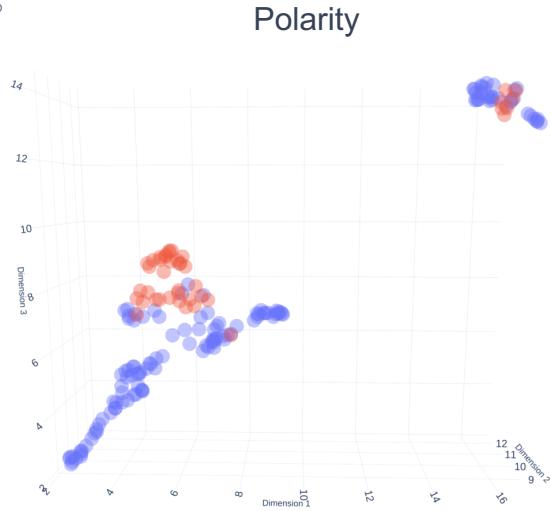
histidinol dehydrogenase



Acetoacetyl-CoA reductase



Transcription Factors regulating KEGG pathways



Polarity

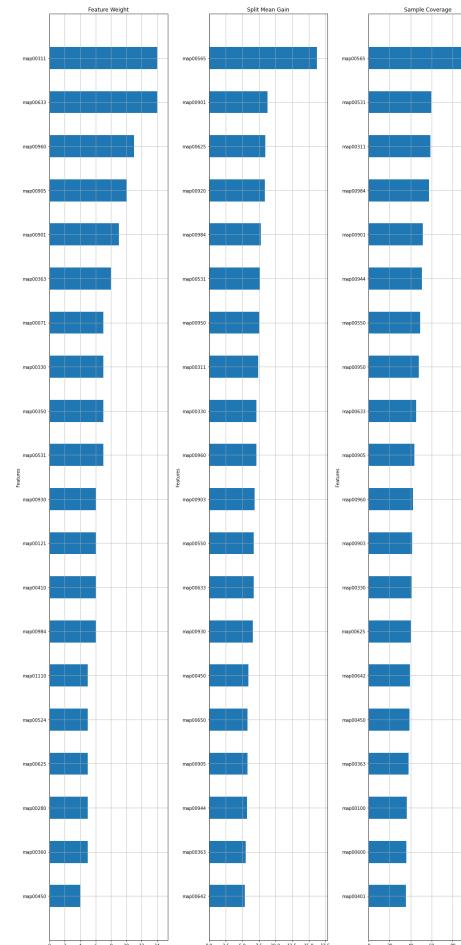
non polar

polar

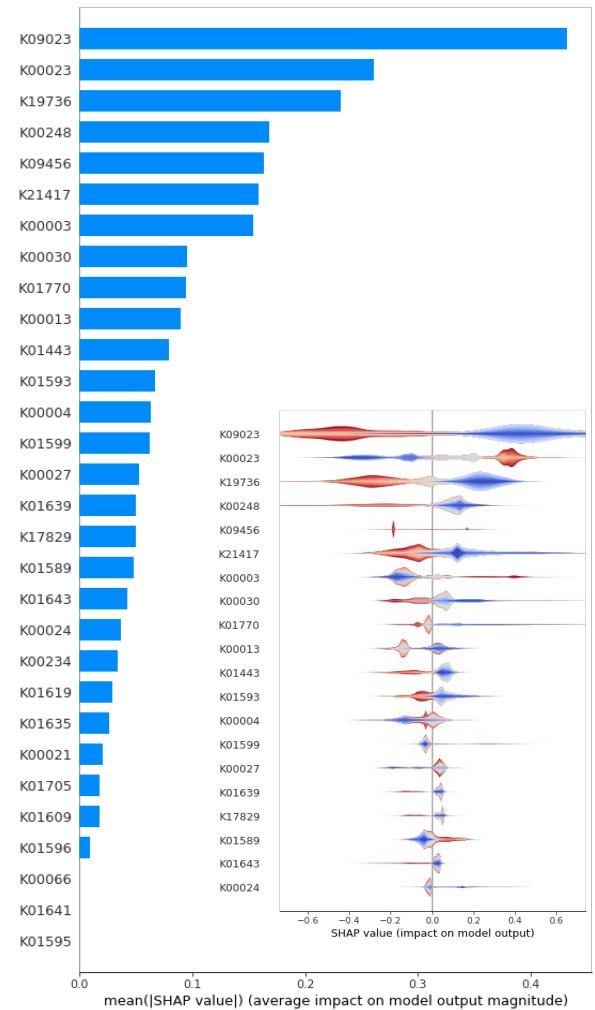
Layer

Layers characterization (TF) - Comparison 1: SRF vs DCM

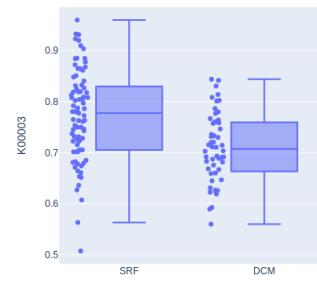
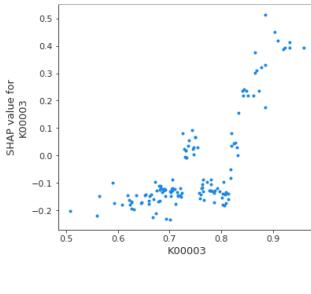
Map00311: Penicillin and cephalosporin biosynthesis
Map00633: Nitrotoluene degradation
Map00960: Tropane, piperidine and pyridine alkaloid biosynthesis
Map00905: Brassinosteroid biosynthesis
Map00901: Indole alkaloid biosynthesis
Map00363: Bisphenol degradation
Map00071: Fatty acid degradation
Map00330: Arginine and proline metabolism
Map00350: Tyrosine metabolism
Map00930: Caprolactam degradation
Map00121: Secondary bile acid biosynthesis
Map00410: beta-Alanine metabolism
Map00984: Steroid degradation
Map01110: Biosynthesis of secondary metabolites
Map00524: Neomycin, kanamycin and gentamicin biosynthesis
Map00625: Chloroalkane and chloroalkene degradation
Map00280: Valine, leucine and isoleucine degradation
Map00360: Phenylalanine metabolism
Map00450: Selenocompound metabolism



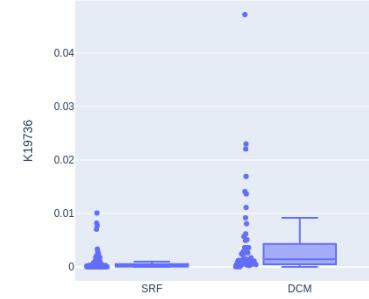
Layers characterization - Comparison 1: SRF vs DCM (5 vs 55 m depth)



Aminoacrylate hydrolase
(pyrimidine metabolism)



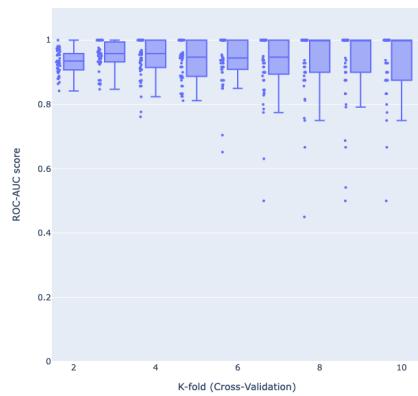
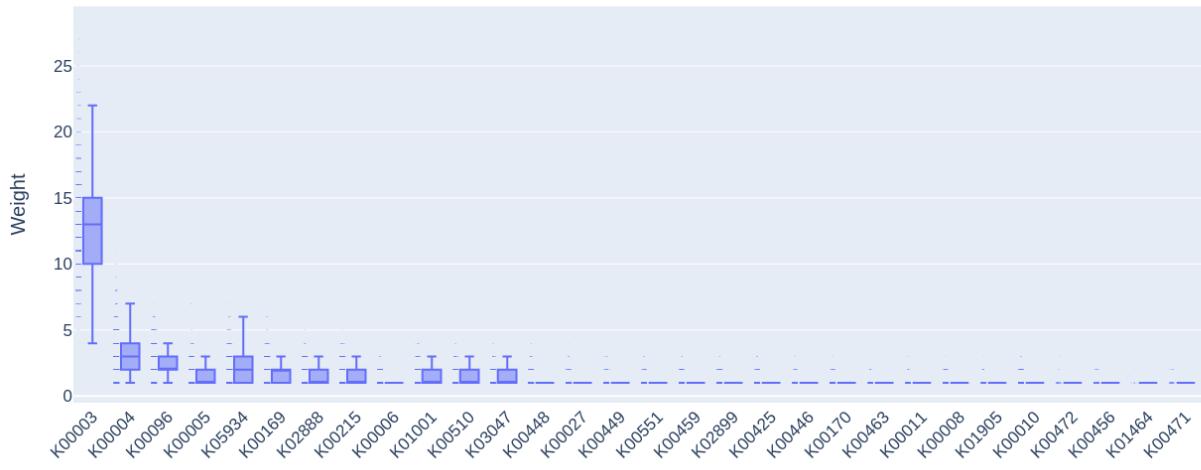
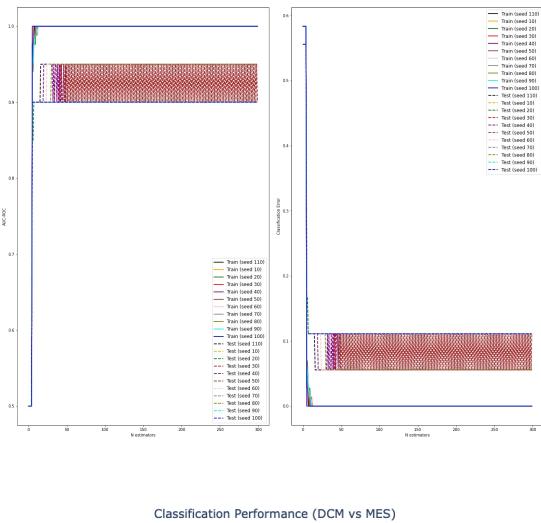
TetR/AcrR family
transcriptional regulator



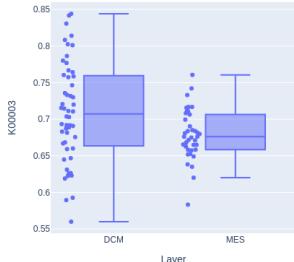
Layers characterization - Comparison 2: DCM vs MES (5 vs 550 m depth)

No parametric test: Wilcoxon, adjusted p value via fdr.

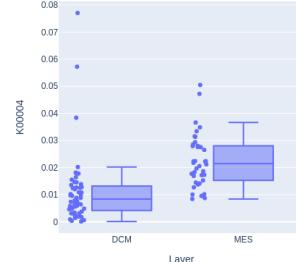
6937/9027 features with adj. P val < 0.05 as input for XGBoost hyperparameter tuning.



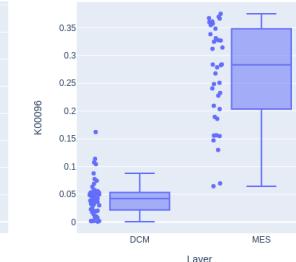
Homoserine dehydrogenase



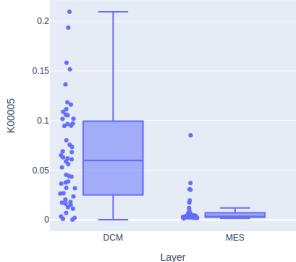
Butanediol dehydrogenase



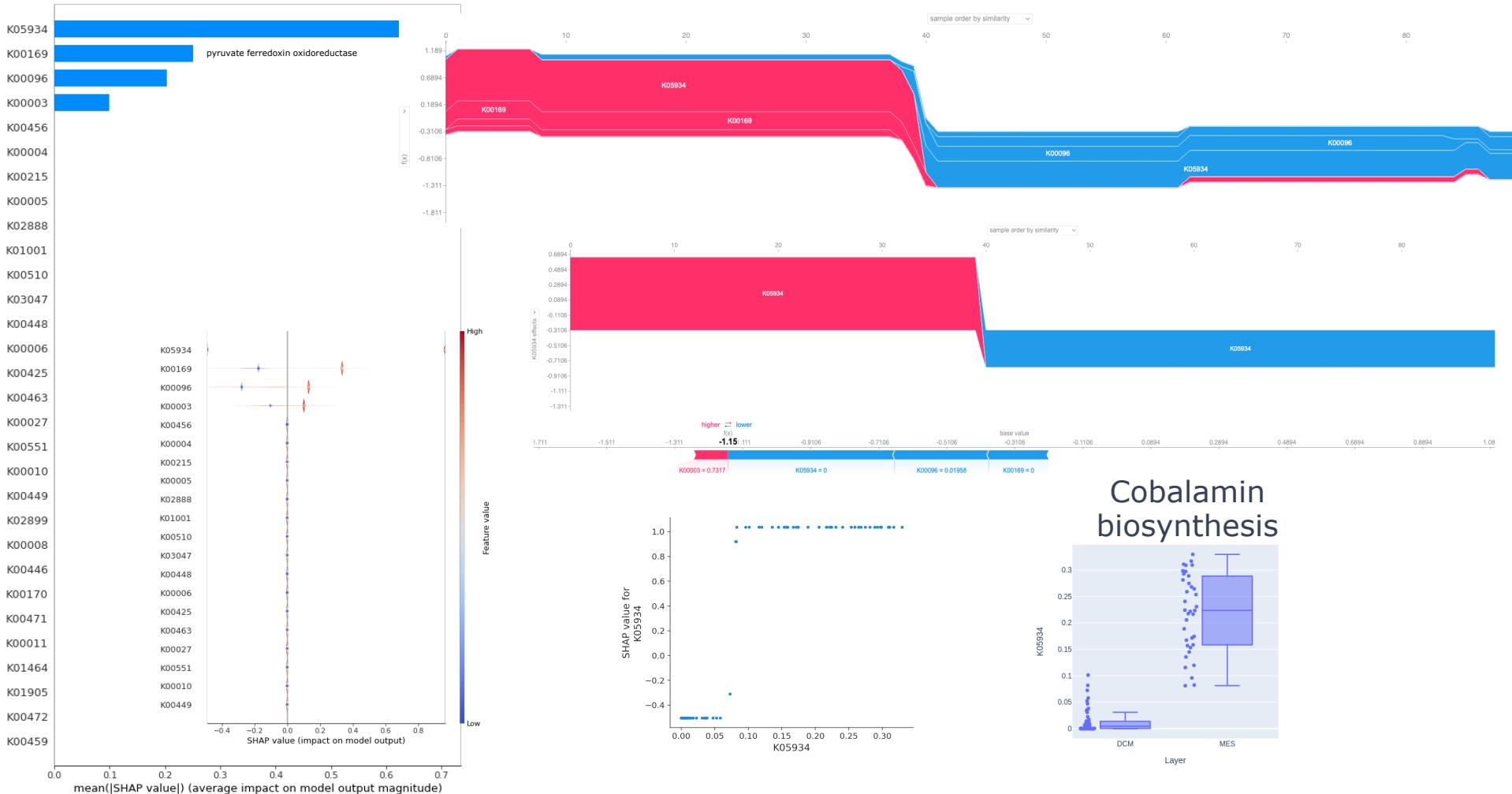
glycerol-1-phosphate dehydrogenase



glycerol dehydrogenase



Layers characterization - Comparison 2: DCM vs MES (5 vs 550 m depth)

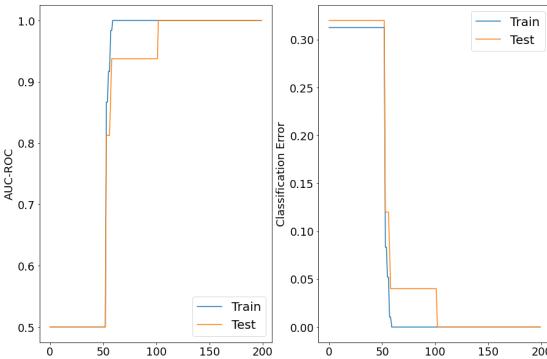


Layers characterization - Comparison 3: SRF vs MES (5 vs 550 m depth)

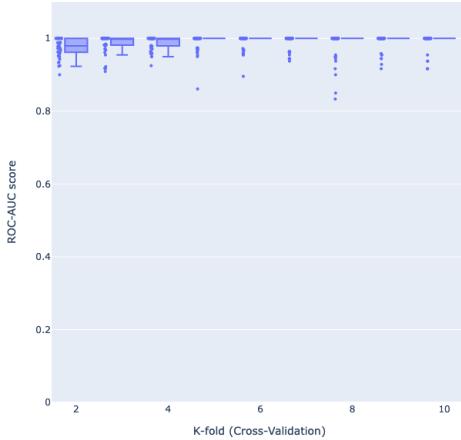
No parametric test: Wilcoxon, adjusted p value via fdr.

7517/9027 features with adj. P val < 0.05 as input for XGBoost hyperparameter tuning.

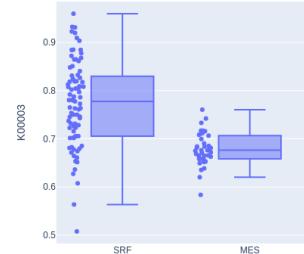
SRF vs MES [all data]
(significant KOs)



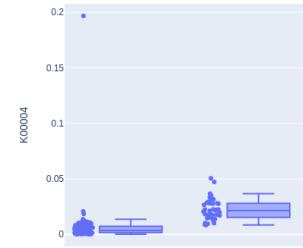
Classification Performance (SRF vs MES)



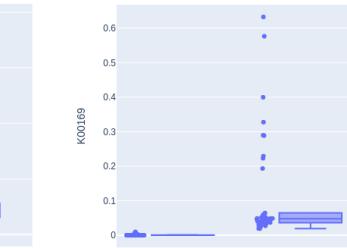
Homoserine
dehydrogenase



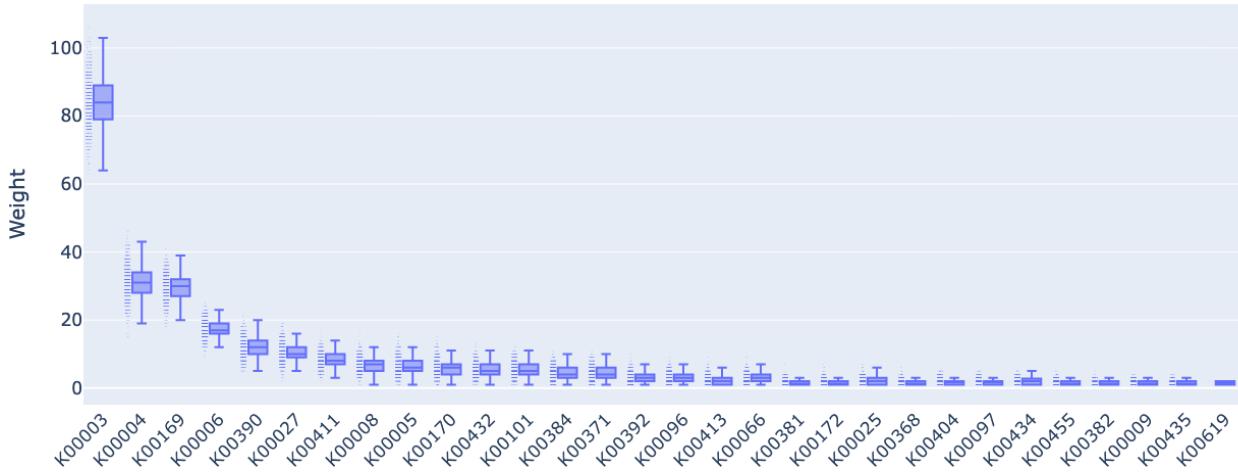
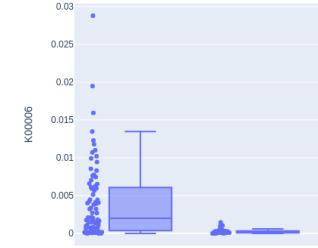
Butanediol
dehydrogenase



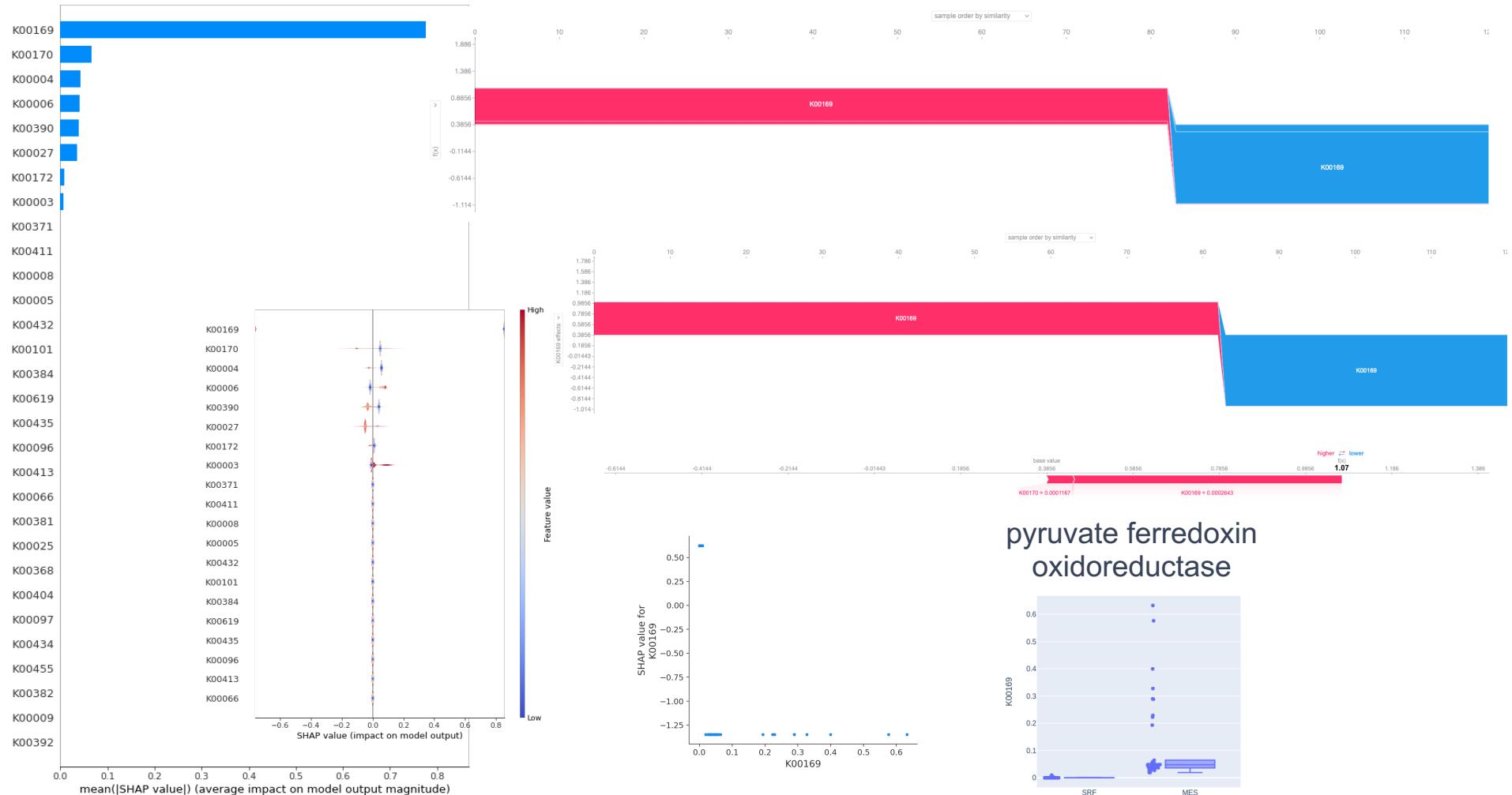
pyruvate ferredoxin
oxidoreductase



glycerol-3-phosphate
dehydrogenase



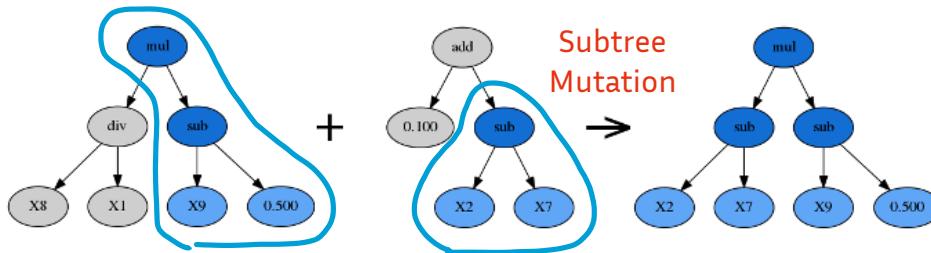
Layers characterization - Comparison 3: SRF vs MES (5 vs 550 m depth)



Genetic Programming-based Symbolic Regressions

$$Y = (X8/X1) * (X9 - 0.500)$$

Population Initialization

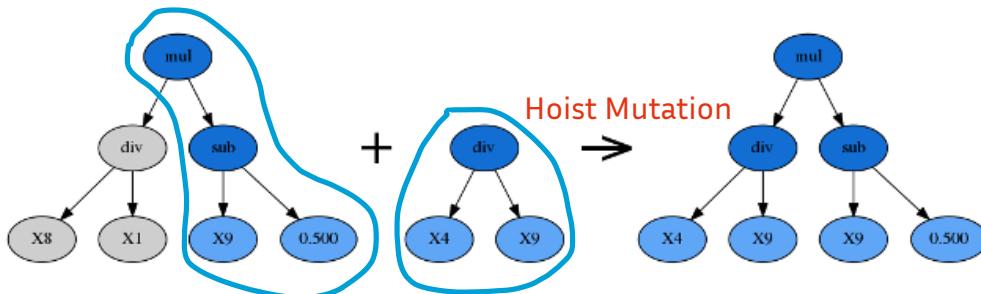


Tournaments and Selections

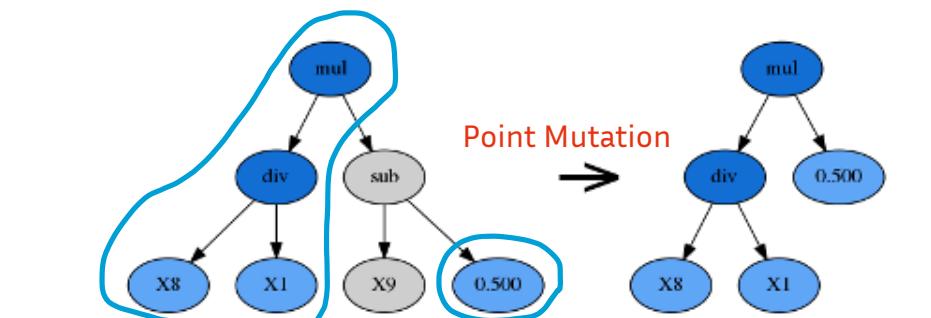
Reproduction
(mutations + crossover)

Termination

Subtree Mutation



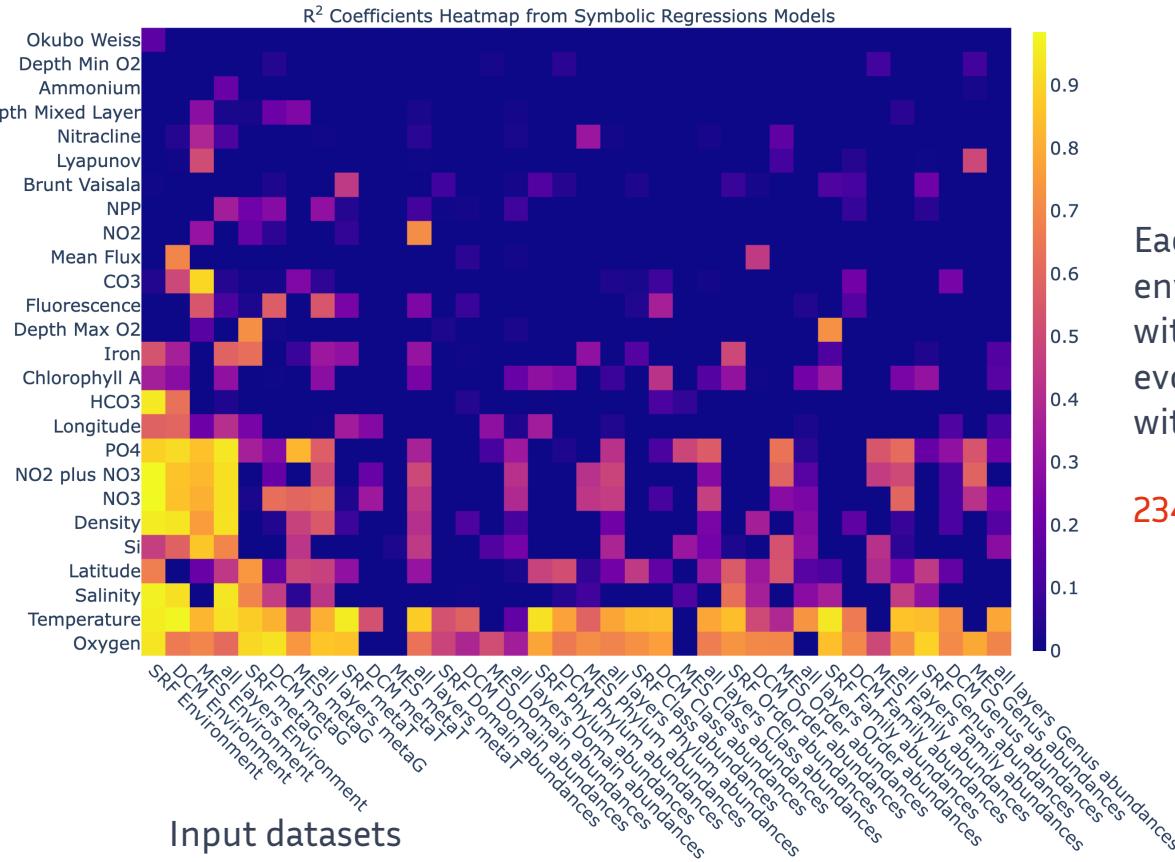
Hoist Mutation



Point Mutation

Genetic Programming-based Symbolic Regressions

Target features

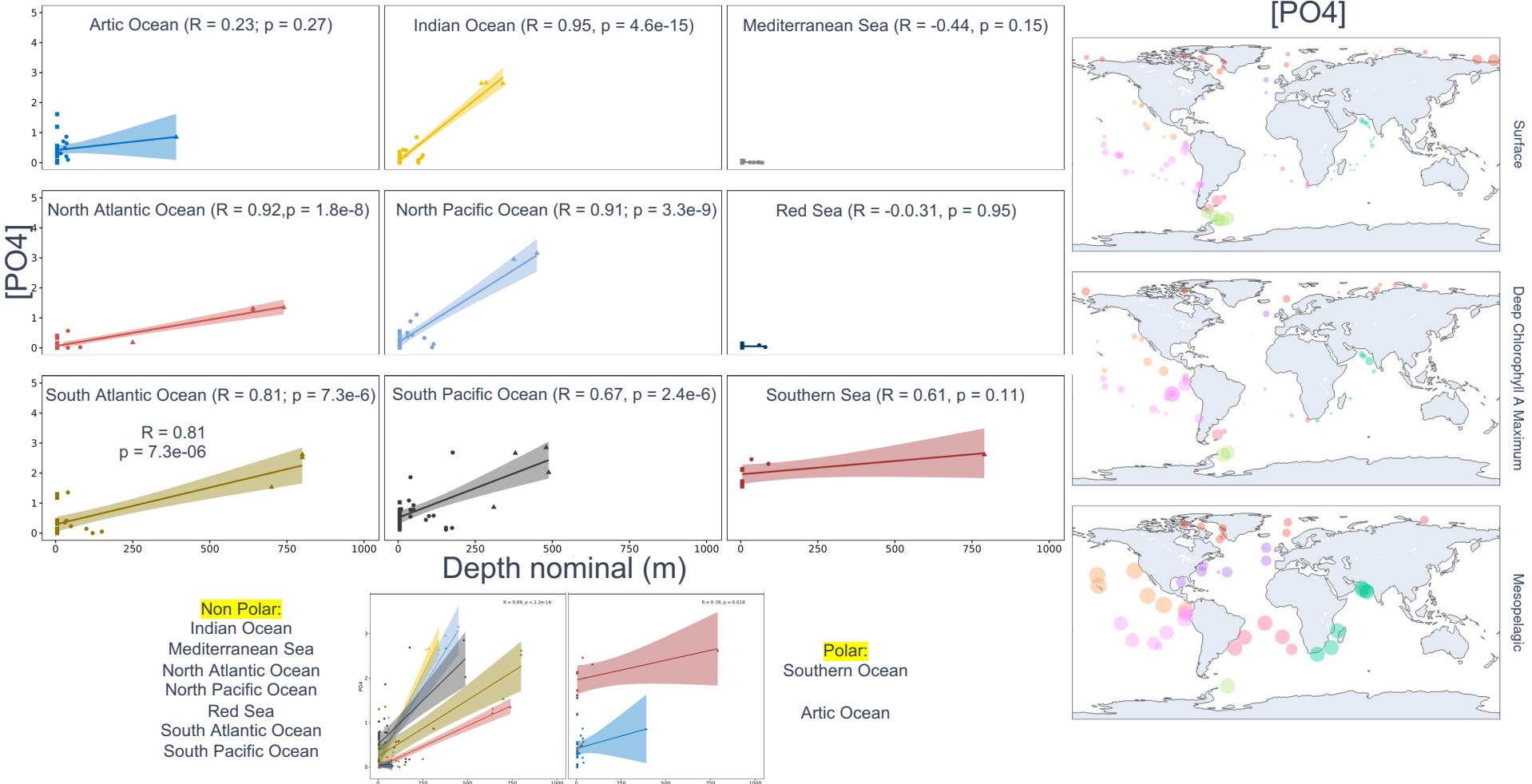


Each dataset was used to predict one environmental variable at a time starting with a population size of 20000, and evolving the models during 20 generations with a crossover probability of 0.65.

234 models

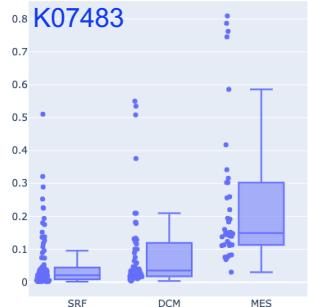
$$Target_i = SymReg_{Genetic\ Programming}(dataset_j)$$

Exploration: Phosphate concentration vs Depth nominal (m)

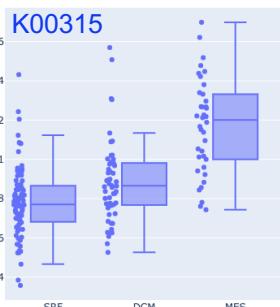


PO4 prediction from metaG dataset

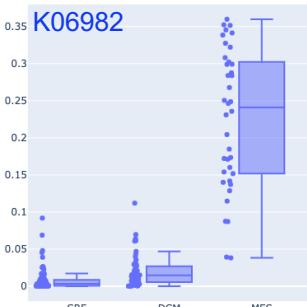
Replication and repair
(Enzyme Transposase)



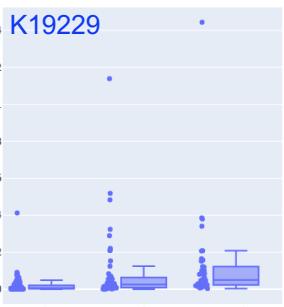
DMGDH;
dimethylglycine dehydrogenase
(Enzyme Oxidoreductases)



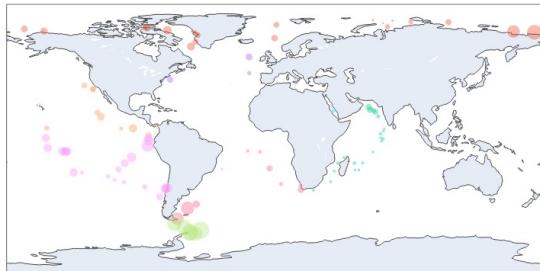
Pantothenate and CoA biosynthesis
(Fatty acid, secondary metabolites
and cofactors metabolism)



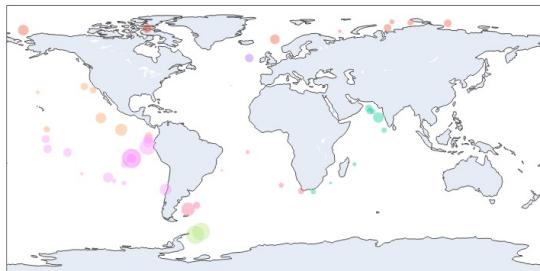
Cationic antimicrobial peptide
(CAMP) resistance



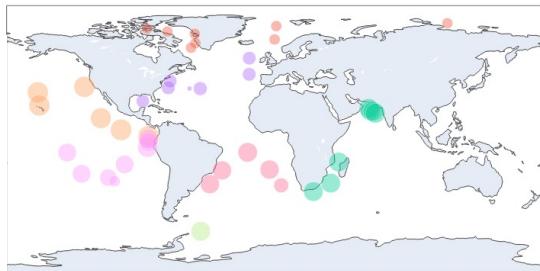
[PO4]



Surface



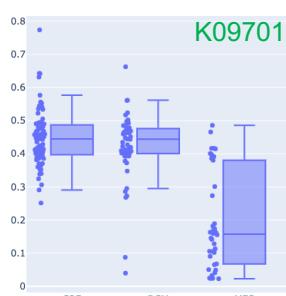
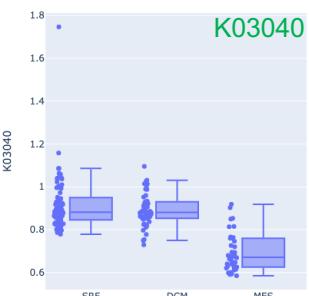
Deep Chlorophyll-a Maximum



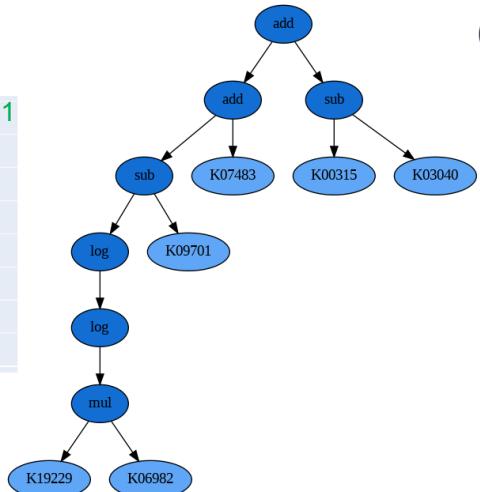
Mesopelagic

$$PO4 = K00315 - K03040 + K07483 - K09701 + \log(\log(K06982 * K19229))$$

DNA-directed RNA
polymerase subunit Alpha
(Enzyme Transferases)



Uncharacterized
protein



Ocean Name

- Mediterranean Sea
- Arctic Ocean
- Indian Ocean
- North Atlantic Ocean
- North Pacific Ocean
- Red Sea
- South Atlantic Ocean
- Southern Ocean
- South Pacific Ocean

(R²: 0.66)

Meta-Genomic data

R^{9024}

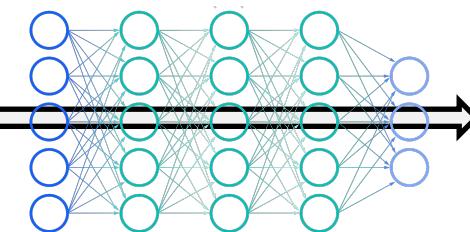
(direct transform)

R^3

3D embedding

Environmental data

R^{29}



R^3

3D embedding
reconstruction

3D embedding

reconstruction

R^3

(reverse transform)

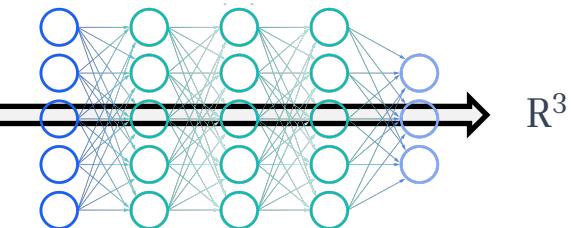
R^{9024}

Meta-Genomic data
reconstruction

Telemonitoring meta-genomic composition from environment

Environmental data

R^{29}

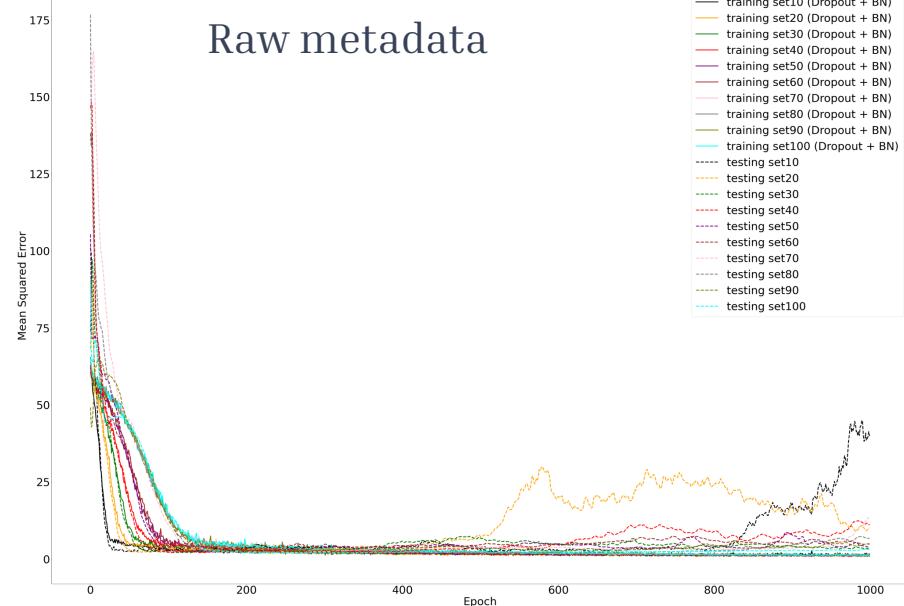


3D embedding
reconstruction

Raw metadata

Legend:

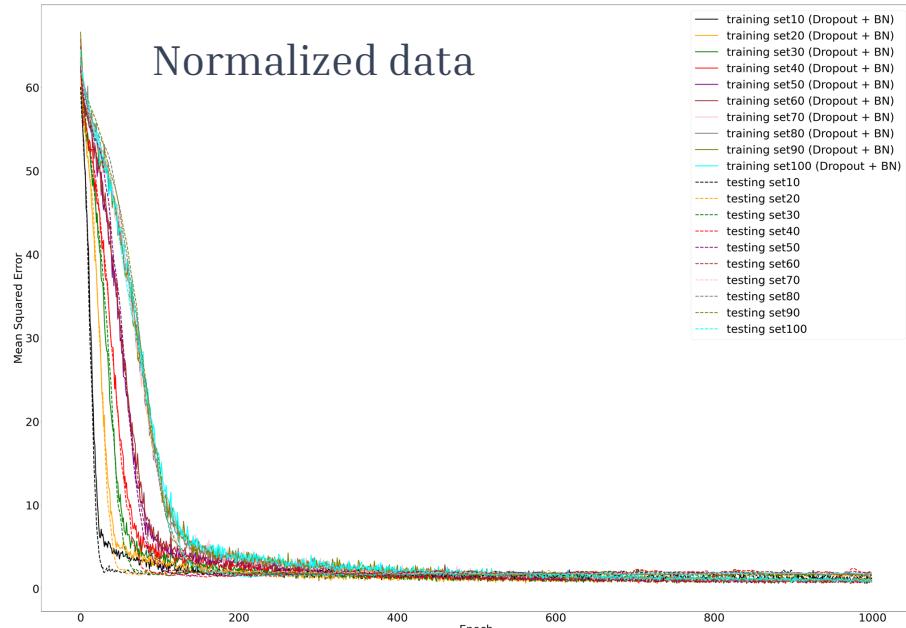
- training set10 (Dropout + BN)
- training set20 (Dropout + BN)
- training set30 (Dropout + BN)
- training set40 (Dropout + BN)
- training set50 (Dropout + BN)
- training set60 (Dropout + BN)
- training set70 (Dropout + BN)
- training set80 (Dropout + BN)
- training set90 (Dropout + BN)
- training set100 (Dropout + BN)
- testing set10
- testing set20
- testing set30
- testing set40
- testing set50
- testing set60
- testing set70
- testing set80
- testing set90
- testing set100

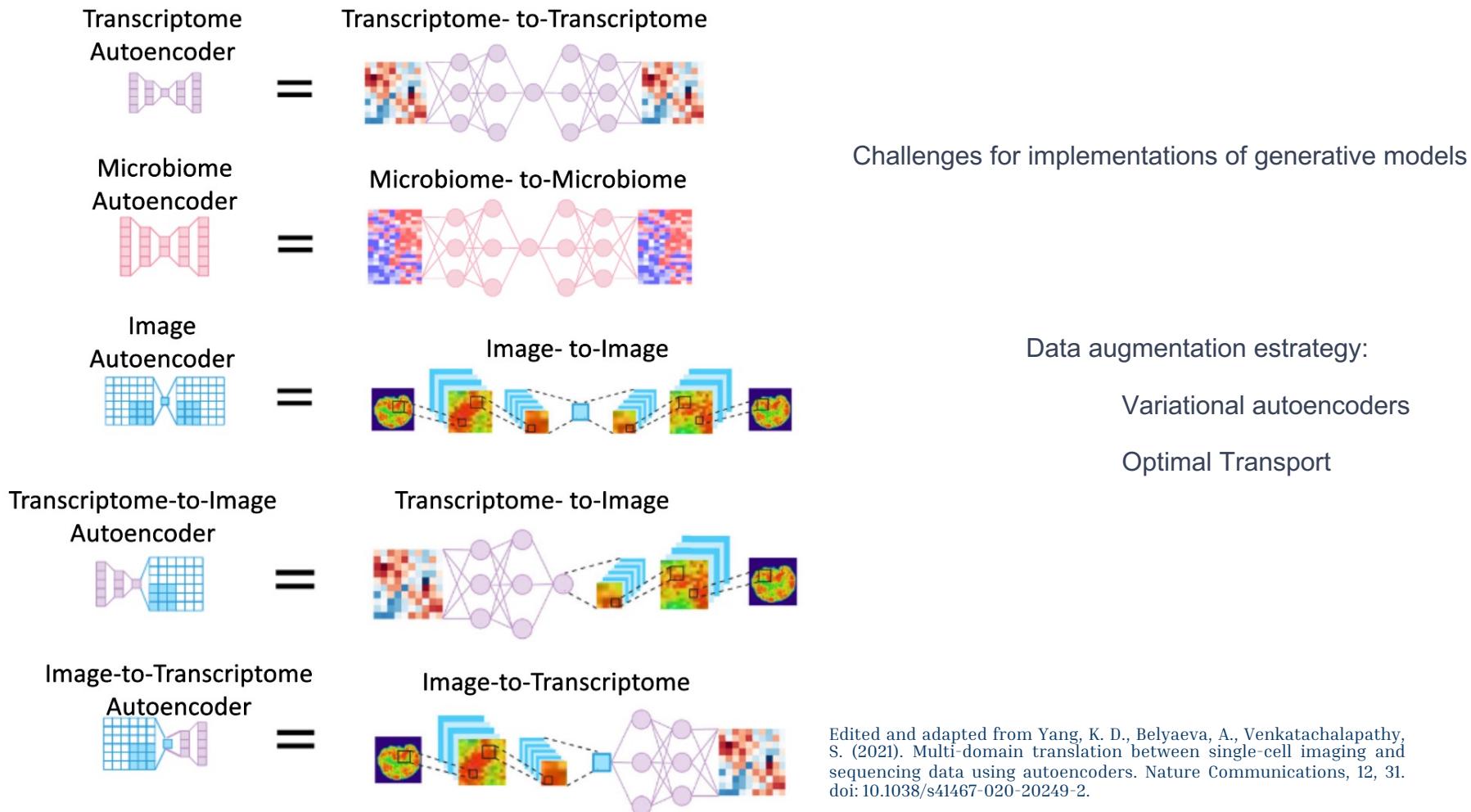


Normalized data

Legend:

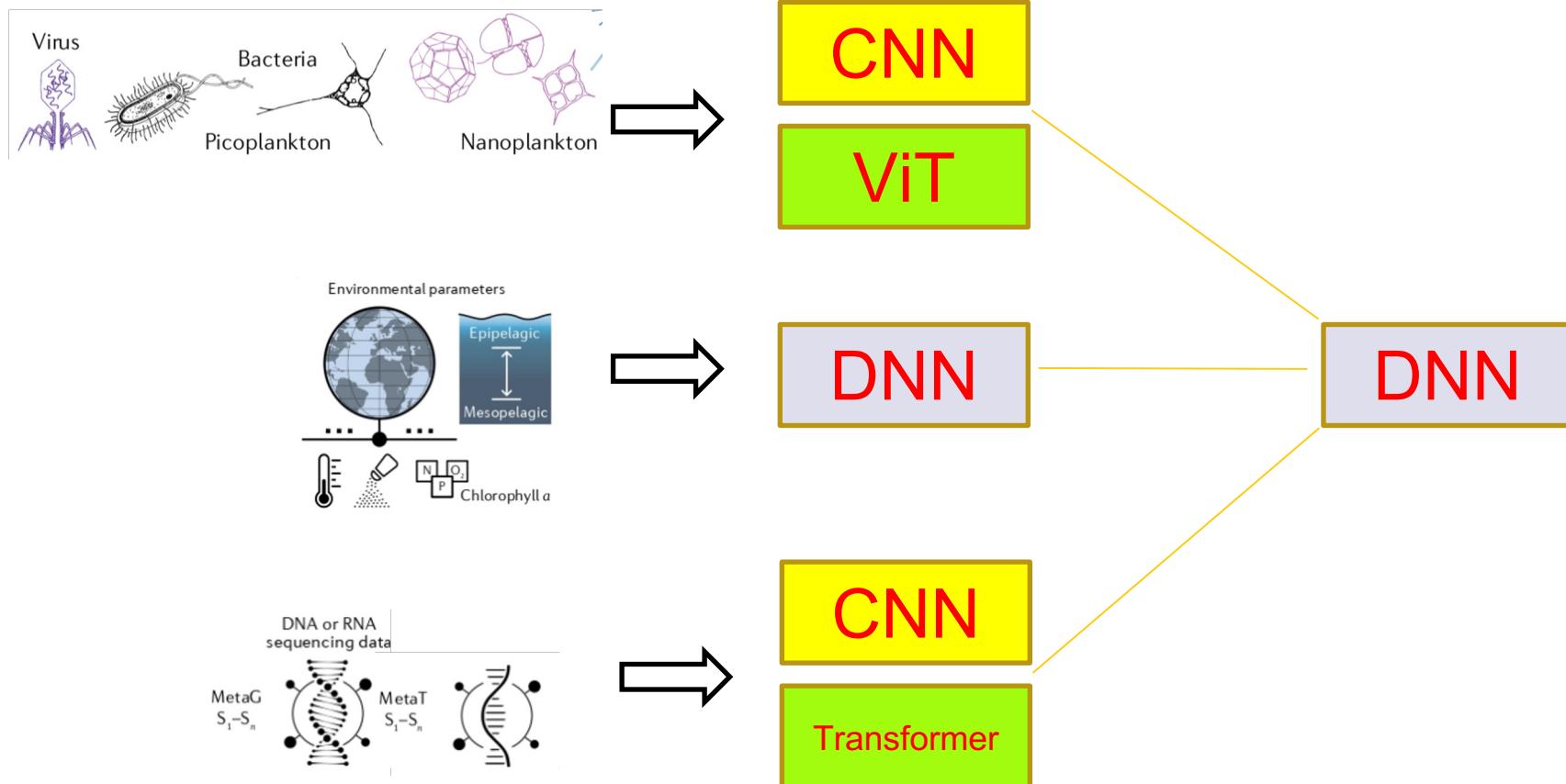
- training set10 (Dropout + BN)
- training set20 (Dropout + BN)
- training set30 (Dropout + BN)
- training set40 (Dropout + BN)
- training set50 (Dropout + BN)
- training set60 (Dropout + BN)
- training set70 (Dropout + BN)
- training set80 (Dropout + BN)
- training set90 (Dropout + BN)
- training set100 (Dropout + BN)
- testing set10
- testing set20
- testing set30
- testing set40
- testing set50
- testing set60
- testing set70
- testing set80
- testing set90
- testing set100





Edited and adapted from Yang, K. D., Belyaeva, A., Venkatachalam, S. (2021). Multi-domain translation between single-cell imaging and sequencing data using autoencoders. *Nature Communications*, 12, 31. doi: 10.1038/s41467-020-20249-2.

Perspectives: integration with other members of the team



Thank you!